July 26, 1770. NUMB. 2170.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

NEW-LONDON, July 6.

Mr. PRINTER,

By inſerting the Incloſed, you may ſerve the PUBLIC, *and oblige your* READERS.

WHEN we firſt read the Publication in Gaine's Paper, that the Inhabitants of New-York had concluded on a general Importation of Goods from Great-Britain (excluſive of the Articles taxed to raiſe a Revenue from America) in caſe Boſton and Philadelphia came into it, we were greatly ſurprized, and could ſcarcely believe our Eyes------*New-Yorkers*, who were among the firſt to come into the Non-importation Agreement, and had hitherto maintained it with ſo much Reputation and Honour to themſelves, and ſo much to the Advantage of the great common American Cauſe; after experiencing the great Utility of this Meaſure in the Repeal of the Stamp-act, and partial Repeal of the late Revenue-acts, and while the Neceſſity of the Meaſure continues and operates as ſtrongly as ever, the grand Cauſe of all America, their Liberty or ſlavery for the preſent, and Generations to come, depending and turning upon this ſingle Meaſure, as it is continued or relinquiſhed----and at a Time, when this Agreement was ſo recently renewed, and ſo generally come into by the Merchants and Inhabitants throughout America, and New-York had ſo lately ſharply reproved and borne a ſwift Teſtimony againſt the Rhode-Iſlanders, for their Delinquency;-----that theſe ſame New-Yorkers (whom we have ventured to pronounce would be as firm, and hold out as long as any Part of America) ſhould now flinch, turn back, and be the firſt and foremoſt to break the Meaſure ſo intereſting and important, and thereby enſlave all America, with themſelves, is very aſtoniſhing! We have Confidence the Boſtonians and Philadelphians have too much Senſe, Virtue, and Public Spirit, to come into this importing Scheme, at this grand Criſis, when they ſee the Cauſe of their Country, and the Fate of American Liberty, muſt be determined by it.-----We are confident the Concluſion of the New-Yorkers was precipitate, from the Influence of ſome mean-ſpirited, ſelfiſh Traitors among them, who would betray their Country for a trifling Intereſt, a little preſent ſordid Gain, as all the Motives of the Public Welfare are againſt it. The Pretence of Attention to the reconciling Meaſure of the partial Repeal, is puerile, futile and contemptible; as it is very evident, that not a Regard to American Liberty and Benefit, but to their own commercial Intereſt, and through Neceſſity, they were induced to it, by the Influence of the Non-importation Agreement; which is a ſtrong Argument for its Continuance: And the Excluſion of the taxed Articles will be of no Avail to us---for it is the general Diſtreſs to the Merchants, Manufacturers and Huſbandmen in Great-Britain, by a general Non-importation, which only can relieve and ſave us; and while this is given up, and the other retained, it will but render us ſo much the more contemptible in the Eyes of thoſe who would enſlave us; by making an empty Show, we would do ſomething, but have it not in our Power to annoy them, or help ourſelves.

We heartily wiſh our New-York Brethren, for their own Honour and Intereſt's Sake, to open their Eyes, re-conſider and retract this pernicious and deſtructive Concluſion of a general Importation, until the Revenue-acts be totally repealed, before they proceed any further, or know the Minds of the Boſtonians and Philadelphians.---We wiſh them ſeriouſly to conſider by this fatal Concluſion, they would undo, and render finally abortive, all our Struggles for Liberty, by Reſolves of Aſſemblies, by Writings, Non-importations, ſtoring and ſending back Goods, &c. &c. and all the Sufferings of Boſton, New-York, and of Americans, in and for the Cauſe of their Liberty, is finally loſt, and will but expoſe us to the Ridicule, Mockery, and Contempt of the preſent, and future Ages, if we now do tamely, fooliſhly, and wickedly give up the Cauſe of our Liberty.----Better, far better, the Non-importation Agreement had never been adopted and come into, than to be ſo baſely relinquiſhed at this grand Criſis, in theſe laſt Struggles---for now will our Enemies inſultingly triumph, "Americans "have tried, and done their utmoſt, and we find, as we always "thought and ſaid, they could not, and would not hold out---- "their Virtue will certainly always fail them. Behold the Ap- "plauſe, the Boaſts of their Friends in their Virtue and Firm- "neſs, is vaniſhed into Smoak, to their great Diſappointment, "Vexation and Confuſion."----By this fatal Device, you give up into the Hands of an arbitrary M------y all the Advantages they have wiſhed and deſired, when you can never gain them effectually to purſue and ſecure your beſt Intereſts---and prepare your own and our Necks for every Yoke, and Backs for every Burthen tyrannic Taſk Maſters may pleaſe to put upon us.-----You go directly counter to the conſtant, repeated, earneſt Advice of all our beſt Friends in Great-Britain, to perſevere ſtrictly, firmly, and unanimouſly to our Non-importation Agreement, as the only Means to ſave us from Slavery and Ruin.---You deſert and betray the Cauſe of our beſt Friends in and out of Parliament, who are warmly ſtruggling for Liberty in Great-Britain and America, and the only Friends we can depend upon: Their Cauſe and ours is ſtrongly conjoined, and is, in Truth, the ſame---and if we give Way, deſert and betray them at this grand Criſis, they will abandon us for ever, as perfidious, baſe-born, infamous Traitors, in whom they can have no Confidence, and who deſerve no Liberty or Favour.---You do an Injury to yourſelves, your Poſterity, and American Brethren, which all your Wealth and Subſtance can never repair and compenſate---an Injury, that will fix a Reproach upon you, never to be wiped off---an Injury, never to be repaired, forgotten, or forgiven by your American Brethren; and the Meaſure, which you have meted out to the Rhode-Iſlanders, you muſt expect to be returned to you in full, by us and all the American Governments.

Be adviſed therefore, Brethren, to re-conſider, and quit yourſelves like Men, true Friends to your Country, and good Patriots, by firmly adhering to the geenral Non-importation Agreement, and all will ſoon be well.---Which is the hearty Deſire and Wiſh of your Brethren and Friends,

June 26, 1770. CONNECTICUT.

ANNAPOLIS, July 12.

PROCEEDINGS *of the* COMMITTEE *of* INSPECTION *in* Talbot *County*, June 26, 1770.

IT appearing to the Committee, upon a ſtrict Enquiry into the ſeveral importations into *Choptank* River, during this and the preceding Month, that *Matthias Gale*, of *London*, Merchant, hath, knowingly and deliberately, imported a conſiderable Cargo of Goods, Part whereof, amounting to 430 l. Sterling, is contrary to the general Aſſociation entered into by this Province, and in wilful Violation of it: They (together with a Number of the principal Inhabitants at the ſame Time aſſembled) unanimouſly voted,

That ſuch a Step is prejudicial to the Intereſt of this Country, inaſmuch as it has a plain and manifeſt Tendency to introduce Luxury and Extravagance, and to defeat the Means that have been judged moſt effectual for procuring a Redreſs of *American* Grievances. And that therefore it is the Opinion of this Committee, and of every Perſon preſent, that *Andrew Mein*, Agent and Factor of ſaid *Matthias Gale*, ought to reſhip, by the firſt Conveyance to *London*, at Mr. *Gale*'s Riſk, ſuch Part of the aforeſaid Cargo as appears to be contrary to the Aſſociation; Or, That in Caſe of Non-compliance, he ſhall be looked upon as an Enemy to the Liberties of his Country, and treated with the Contempt due to ſuch a Character.

At next Meeting, *Andrew Mein*, after having conſulted Mr. *Gale*'s principal Friends, attended, and did engage to comply with the Opinion of the Committee, and to reſhip the Goods agreeably thereunto.

It appearing alſo to the Committee, that moſt, if not all of the Merchants, had imported ſome few Articles, probably through Miſtake of the Shop-keepers, a little, and indeed but very little, higher than the Prices limited by the Aſſociation; they unanimouſly voted,

That the ſaid Articles ought to be reſhipped, at the Riſk of the ſeveral Importers, by the firſt Opportunity, to *London*, and that no Perſon be indulged in the ſmalleſt Violation of the Non-importation Agreement.

To this the Merchants moſt chearfully conſented; preferring, very generouſly, the public Good to their own private Intereſt.

The Committee likewiſe adopted the Northern Reſolves with regard to the *Rhode-Iſlanders*, and all other *falſe* and backſliding *Brethren*.---Fully perſuaded, that all thoſe, who, deaf to the Calls of Honour and Conſcience, can break through their Engagements to their Country, are unfit to be truſted in private Life; they declared they would have no Communication or Dealings with any ſuch, but would diſcourage and diſcountenance them to their utmoſt, until, ſenſible of their vicious Selfiſhneſs, they ſhould ceaſe to confine their Views to themſelves alone, and, by joining in the common Cauſe, act the Part of true Friends to *America*. May their Eyes, and the Eyes of all that are blind to the Honour and Intereſt of their Country, be ſpeedily opened!

It is with the greateſt Pleaſure the Committee obſerve, in the Inhabitants of this County, a commendable and noble Spirit of Oeconomy and Freedom, actuating and animating them to promote Induſtry, zealouſly to maintain their Rights and Liberties, ſteadily to adhere to the Non-importation Agreement, and to treat all ſuch as ſhall either oppoſe, or refuſe to come into it, with the Contempt they deſerve, and as Enemies to their Country.

JOHN GORDON, Chairman.

LONDON, May 5.

WE are informed, that the Lords Commiſſioners of Trade and Plantations have, for ſome Time, had a new Eſtabliſhment of Cape-Breton in Contemplation, and that this Plan will be carried into Execution with the utmoſt Diſpatch.

They write from Jamaica, that the Spaniards are in great Want of Negroes at the Havannah, a peſtilential Diſtemper having ſwept off upwards of 17,000 Slaves, in the Iſland of Cuba, during the laſt Winter.

We are informed, that Mr. Wilkes has purchaſed an Annuity for his Life, with the 4000 l. he obtained by his Suit againſt Lord Halifax.

May 9. It is whiſpered, that a certain unpopular American Governor has declared, that five Regiments, with their full Compliment of Men, will be little enough to ſend to the Colony of which he is Governor.

A few Days ago, a Gentleman having told a Member of a Great Aſſembly, that they might expect Mr. Wilkes, on Wedneſday, to demand his Seat.----"Then, ſays the Member, by G-d he muſt come in at the Key-hole, for we are reſolved he ſhall not at the Door."

A Correſpondent aſſures us, that Mr. Wilkes has been ſtrongly ſolicited, perſonally, to demand his Seat in a certain Aſſembly, but that he never has entertained any ſerious Intention of purſuing ſuch a Meaſure, judging it rather calculated to produce further Proceedings of an oppreſſive and deſperate Nature, than to reſtore the Right of free Election.

Notwithſtanding it is ſaid, and generally believed, that the national Aſſemblies will be prorogued on Thurſday, the 17th Inſt. yet we hear, from pretty good Authority, that the neceſſary Buſineſs will certainly drive them into the laſt Week of the preſent Month.

Letters from Smyrna give an Account, that the Plague is broke out afreſh, and rages with great Fury in moſt of the Towns of Ionia.

The preſent mutinous and unſettled Diſpoſition of the Turks, eſpecially at Conſtantinople, will prove highly advantageous to the Court of Peterſburgh, in Spite of all the Artifices, Intrigues, and Donatives of the Ottoman Court, to keep up the Spirits of the People, and the Soldiery.

One of the ſuperb Robes, intended for the Dauphineſs, is a Gown and Coat, with a long Trail, wholly made of Bruſſels Lace, and coſt 2000 l.

May 10. We learn from good Authority, that the American Buſineſs cannot be ſettled this Seſſion of Parliament; and that the Prorogation will therefore be for a very ſhort Time.

It is now become an eſtabliſhed Opinion, that the many and frequent Changes of the Miniſtry are but ſo many Modes of Incumbrance on the People, as every One that goes out of Place, carries a Fleece of the State with him.

A certain Great Man, it is ſaid, is again prepared for a grand Debate, and has intimated, that, about the Middle of next Week, he ſhall again attend his Duty in a certain Place; from whence we may eaſily conclude, that there will be a full Aſſembly, and warm Debates.

A Noble Peer, who made a long Harrangue in the upper Room of a certain Aſſembly, we hear, will ſhortly receive a ſevere Cenſure, in a particular Manner, on that Account.

A Correſpondent obſerves, that the bringing on the American Affairs this Week, at the Time when our Miniſtry have Buſineſs on the Courſe, and which, upon former Occaſions, we have ſeen purſued, whilſt national Matters of the greateſt Conſequence have been neglected, is looked upon as a maſter Stroke of Policy in the Oppoſition.

The Carlton-houſe Junto, it is ſaid, are collecting all their Forces for the Field on Tueſday next, where Lord Chatham has declared he intends to make a Motion in Favour of the oppreſſed Americans.

May 14. A Noble Lord in the Oppoſition appeared, on a late Occaſion, to be exceedingly agitated at all the Meaſures of Adminiſtration, expreſſing the utmoſt Anxiety for the Wounds that had been given the Conſtitution, by a corrupt Sett of Miniſters, lamenting that the Efforts of his noble Brother were in vain, with Men who were dead to every Senſe of Conviction; and hoped that all the World would know in what Abhorrence they were held by him, and that he proteſted againſt their arbitrary and ſhameful Meaſures.

CHINA FACTORY.

TWENTY Shillings per thouſand, and no more, will be given, for any quantity of horſes or beeves ſhank bones, whole or broken, Fifteen Shillings for hogs, and Ten Shillings for calves and ſheeps (a proportionable price for knuckle bones) delivered at the China Factory, in Southwark.

N. B. The capital works of this Factory being compleated, and in motion, G. BONNIN. and G. A. MORRIS, deſire ſuch as incline to bind their children apprentices to either of the branches, will be ſpeedy in their application, as but few more will be received without a fee. 6 *W.*

TWO NEGROE WOMEN (a MOTHER and DAUGHTER) to be ſold together or ſeparate. For further Particulars, enquire of ENOCH DAVID, near the Academy, in Fourth-ſtreet, Philadelphia. ¶

BY virtue of an order of Orphan's Court, will be expoſed to ſale, by public vendue, the following meſſuages, lots and parcels of land, late the eſtate of *Charles Norris*, Eſq; deceaſed, *to wit*, On Monday, the 20th of Auguſt next, 5 o'clock in the afternoon, at the London Coffee-houſe, one lot of ground, on the eaſt ſide of the ſecond ſtreet from Delaware, at the diſtance of 34 feet ſouthward from Lombard-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth on Second-ſtreet 17 feet, and in depth 64 feet, bounded northward and ſouthward with ground now or late of Joſeph Wharton, weſtward with the New-market place, and eaſtward with a 3 feet alley, extending into Lombard-ſtreet, with the privilege of the ſame alley. One other lot of ground, on the ſouth-ſide of the ſaid Lombard-ſtreet, between Front-ſtreet and the ſaid Second-ſtreet, containing in breadth, eaſt and weſt, 18 feet, and in depth 63 feet, bounded eaſtward and weſtward with ground now or late of the ſaid Joſeph Wharton, and ſouthward with the Proprietaries ground. One houſe and lot of ground, in the Diſtrict of Southwark, on the eaſt-ſide of the third ſtreet from Delaware continued, containing in breadth on ſaid ſtreet 22 feet 6 inches, and in length 100 feet, bounded eaſtward by the lot next after deſcribed, ſouthward by David Dewar's, and northward by Richard Wagſtaff's ground. One houſe and lot, on the weſt-ſide of George-ſtreet, 22 feet 6 inches, and in length 100 feet, bounded weſtward by the ſaid next before deſcribed lot, northward by Hunt and Wagſtaff's, and ſouthward with ground late of William Griffitts; this lot is ſubject to a yearly rent charge of two Piſtoles, payable to Luke Morris. One lot of meadow, bounded weſtward on a road or lane, extending out of Moyamenſing road, northward by Joſeph Morris's meadow, eaſtward by a two perch wide road, and ſouthward by meadow late of Joſeph Houſe deceaſed, containing 6 acres, and 110 perches.

On Tueſday, the 21ſt of Auguſt, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, at Ludwick Kuhn's tavern, in Kenſington, a 2 ſtory brick houſe, kitchen, and triangular piece of ground, on the ſouth-weſt ſide of Shakamaxon-ſtreet, in Kenſington, beginning at a ſtake, on the ſide of Frankford road; thence by the ſaid ſtreet 225 feet; thence by ground now or late of Thomas Say, and Richard Blackham, ſouth-weſt 190 feet, or thereabouts, to Frankford road; thence by ſaid road N. E. 246 feet, or thereabouts, to the place of beginning. A tenement, and lot of ground, on Shakamaxon-ſtreet aforeſaid, 37 feet and a half, and in depth, on the S. W. ſide thereof 133 feet, and on the N. E. ſide thereof 134 feet, or thereabouts; bounded ſouth-weſterly by land late of Benjamin Shoemaker, north-weſterly by Jacob Shoemaker, and north-eaſterly by John Linn's ground; ſubject to a yearly rent-charge of 30 s. Pennſylvania currency, payable to John Linn.

On Thurſday, the 23d of Auguſt, at one o' clock in the afternoon, at the Seven Stars Tavern, John Elliot's, ſundry tracts or parcels of land in Norrington townſhip, viz. 50 acres of uncultivated woodland; 110 acres of land, in the tenure of Alexander M'Calmont; 115 acres of land, in the tenure of James Lyons, and Joſiah Wood; 50 acres of uncultivated woodland; 124 acres of land, in the tenure of John Chain.

And on Saturday, the 25th of Auguſt, at two o' clock in the afternoon, a the Black Horſe Tavern, William Staddleman's, one tract of Wood-land, in Lower Merion townſhip, of about 100 perches front on Schuylkill, bounded northward by land late of Robert Jones, weſtward by Frederick Bicking's, and ſouthward by Daniel Lawrence's land, containing 105 acres.

The lands in Norington and Lower Merion, will be laid out in convenient plantations or lots, the reſpective draughts whereof ſhall be put up ſome time before the ſale, at the taverns where the vendue is to be. And, to facilitate the ſale of all the premiſes, any purchaſer, on paying one third part of the conſideration, may have reaſonable credit for the reſidue on intereſt, and giving ſecurity.

MARY NORRIS, Adminiſtratrix.

FIVE PISTOLES Reward.

RUN away laſt night, from Mount Royal Forge, near Baltimore-Town, in Baltimore county, Maryland, an Engliſh convict ſervant man, named JOHN CARR, born in Cheſhire, and ſpeaks in that dialect, by trade a bricklayer, about 45 years of age, about 5 feet 10 inches high, ſpare made, and has bow legs, wears ſhort black curled hair, which is turning grey; had on, and took with him, an old felt hat, 2 old black handkerchiefs, old brown coat, new blue pea jacket, 2 old ozenbrigs ſhirts, 1 check ditto, 2 old coarſe white linen ditto, 1 pair of old leather breeches, patched on the ſeat, and daubed with tar in ſeveral places, 1 pair of new long ozenbrigs trowſers, 1 pair of old country ſacking ditto, 2 pair of old grey worſted ſtockings, 2 pair of old black leather ſhoes, and 2 odd buckles, which are ruſty; he has alſo a coarſe linen bag, in which are ſeveral things I cannot deſcribe. Whoever ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have, if taken in the county, Two Piſtoles, and if out of the province, the above reward, and reaſonable charges, if brought home.

July 17, 1770. JAMES FRANKLIN.

N. B. He came into this country about two weeks ago, in the ſhip Friendſhip, Captain Parker, maſter, and has taken with him two bricklayer's trowels, and an old lathing hammer. ‡

[*For more new Advertiſements, ſee the Fourth Page.*]

LONDON, May 10.

A genuine and accurate Account of the Proceedings of the Right Honourable the House of Lords, on Tuesday last.

ON Tuesday last came on before that Assembly, a very great Debate, in Consequence of a Motion made by Lord Chatham, "*To repeal and rescind the Resolutions of the House of Commons, in Regard to the Expulsion and Incapacitation of Mr. Wilkes.*"

Lord Temple opened the Debate, and expatiated largely on the illegal Assumption of that Measure; arraigned the Adjudication in very spirited Terms; and urged the Repeal of a Grievance, that so apparently struck at the Vitals of all Liberty. In this he was seconded by the Duke of Richmond and Lord Lyttleton, who added, "That as the *Mode* of bringing on this Question was before objected to, that Objection could no longer have any Weight, as it was now introduced by a Bill."

Lord Denbigh replied to this in a very long Speech, and talked a great Deal of the inherent, exclusive Power of the House of Commons; "That though he had a great Opinion of the Spirit and Abilities of the noble Lord, who introduced the Bill, yet he could not but differ with him in this Point, as thinking it unprecedented and illegal, it being totally unbelonging to that House, to call to Account the Adjudication of the other." He observed, "That this was the only Business of any Consequence transacted there since the Session began, and notwithstanding every Determination was carried against it, he was surprised, at almost the End of the Session, to find the same Question still agitated; that for his Part, he could not charge his Memory or Reading, when the Lords ever interfered in a like Nature; and that, for these, and many other Reasons, he was against the Bill."

Lord Chatham then rose, and spoke to the following Purport:

"*My Lords,*

"The noble Lord, who spoke last, has been very loud against this Motion. He seems to be very angry with the Supporters of this Measure, but then he is angry *in such a Sort*, that I am sure no Body can be angry with him; I shall therefore wave replying to some Reflections he has thrown out upon the Faction, as he is pleased to call it, and take a short Review of the Cause of this Motion:----Here are 1143 legal sworn Freeholders, vote a Gentleman their Member of Parliament, against 296, who oppose him: With this apparent Majority, he comes to take his Seat so given him by the Laws and Constitution of his Country. But what do the House of Commons? Why, they shut the Door in his Face, and by a new State Arithmetic, make 296 a greater Number than 1143.----Is not this, my Lords, flying in the Face of all Laws and Freedom? Is not this apparently robbing the Freeholders of their Liberty, and making a mere Farce of Englishmens Birthrights? It is very true, the House of Commons had a Right, if petitioned for by Colonel Luttrell, to enquire minutely into the Qualifications of his Opponent's Electors, to admit none as such, but those duly qualified by Law, and after making these Deductions, then determine for the Majority. But when none of this was even pretended to, but his Seat, Point-blank, taken away from him, and given to another, it is an Outrage, that strikes at the Letter, as well as the Spirit of our Laws.

"It has been urged, my Lords, that there is no Precedent for one House taking Cognizance of the Proceedings of the other; but if my Memory serves me right (and I have very lately refreshed it) I remember one exactly parallel, in the Case of Titus Oatis, in the Reign of Queen Anne, where the Commons took Cognizance of the Proceedings of the Lords on that Subject, so that it is no new Thing for one to be a Check on the other, as it is not only established by Precedent, but by the Mode of our Constitution.

"It is said, my Lords, that the Spirit of Discontent is gone abroad------I should be surprised if it had not; for how can it be otherwise, when, to use a familiar Expression, Colonel Luttrell sits in the *Lap* of Mr. Wilkes; when a corrupt House of Commons invert all Law and Order, and deny the just Privilege the Electors claim by the Constitution of these Kingdoms? When a Majority in that House becomes a Minister's State Engine, to effect the worst of Purposes, and to produce such monstrous and unconstitutional Acts, that one cannot help exclaiming in the Language of Shakespear------

"*Fie on it! oh fie!*
"*'Tis an unweeded Garden, Things*
"*Rank and gross in Nature possess it merely.*

"As for my particular Part, though I will not aid the Voice of Faction, I will aid the just Complaints of the People; and, while I have Strength to crawl on the Surface of the Earth, I will exert the whole of my poor Abilities in their honest Efforts; and I here pledge myself to their Cause, as I am convinced it is the Cause of Truth and Justice.

"I am afraid, my Lords, this Measure has sprung too near the Palace---I am sorry for it; but I hope his Majesty will soon open his Eyes, and see in all its Deformity (here Lord Pomfret interrupted him by calling to Order, for his remarking so freely in the last Part of his Speech) On which, Lord Chatham again got up, and said, "I do not retract my Words---I esteem the King in his personal Capacity, I revere him in his political one; and in these Principles I hope will see it in such a Light, that he will redress it by the Dissolution of a House, that could adopt such a Measure."

Lord Mansfield (from whom the Title of the Bill had been concealed, in order to prevent a preconcerted Opposition to the Bill; for his Lordship is now the *Adviser* of the present Ministry) framed with singular *Art* and *Sophistry*, a few trifling Objections; but carefully concealed his Opinion of the Measure, which gave Rise to the Bill; saying, he had carefully deposited it in the Breast of one of the Royal Family (meaning the Duke of Cumberland) and should never declare it to any other. He then went on what he called the *Competency* of the House of Commons, to determine upon the Middlesex Election; and concluded with being against the second Reading of the Bill---which was giving the Tone (as it is called) to the rest of the Courtiers.

Lord Camden next stood up, and spoke with great Spirit and Energy. He compared the Proceedings on the Middlesex Election, to the Magnitude of the Violation of the People's Rights in the Case of Ship Money. He said no Body doubted the Competency of the Judges to give Judgment upon that memorable Case, but their unjust Judgment was condemned by the whole Kingdom, as contrary to the Principles of the English Constitution. In like Manner, he said, no Body doubts the Competency of the House of Commons to give Judgment upon controverted Elections, but their Judgment must be according to Law and the Constitution. Now, their Judgment upon the Middlesex Election, he affirmed, was utterly subversive of the Constitution, and directly contrary to the express Letter of the Law. That it was a deeper and more dangerous Wound to the Liberties of this Country, than any which had been given during the twelve Years Absence of Parliament in the Reign of Charles the First. He went into a full Examination of the People's Rights; and said, that every Individual in the Kingdom was interested in this Determination, and called upon not to sit silent at this great and alarming Crisis. This had been his Opinion a long Time; that he never disguised his Opinion; that if the Ministry still continued to deny the People Redress, they would seek and obtain it with their own Hands. He called upon the noble Lord upon the Wool-pack (Lord Mansfield) with the most delicate Touches of Irony; sometimes deep Arguments; and at all Times Persuasion, to give forth his real Opinions upon this Matter. But all in vain; for after he had worked him in every possible Shape, his wily Antagonist held his Head abashed, and durst not reply one Word.

He farther told them (the Lords) that though this Bill might be fatally rejected, he trusted in the good Sense of the People of this Country, that they would renew their Claim to their inherent and unalienable Right to a true and free Representation in Parliament, next Sessions; and the next after that, if necessary; and if the same fatal Influence should then continue, he would still trust to the good Sense of Englishmen, that at the next general Election, they would not lose Sight of the Object of this Bill; and that then they would make such a Compact with the Elected, as to procure an equal Representation, and a full Redress of the many Difficulties under which they at present laboured.

Upon the whole, his Lordship's Speech may be justly said, to have been one of the most liberal, most able, and oratorical, and the finest Composition, that ever was delivered before any Senate or Assembly in the World.

Lord Weymouth got up to answer Lord Camden. But said nothing material. He was worse than usual.

Lord Shelburne, in a severe Speech upon the Ministry, endeavoured to call up Lord Mansfield, but it was impossible.

The Duke of Grafton, in a Speech vindicating the Ministry, complimented Col. Luttrell on his Courage as a Gentleman, and as a Soldier, in standing Candidate for Middlesex. (His Grace either did not, or would not, recollect this Heroe's Courage, when he faced the Freeholders at Brentford; from whose just Indignation he was preserved by the spirited Efforts of Messrs. Townsend, Sawbridge, and other Gentlemen. Where was his boasted Courage then?--He was pale with fear.)

The Earl Stanhope said, He had prepared to go Abroad, but altered his Mind on Account of this national and great constitutional Cause; which he was determined to support, at the Expence of his Life, if necessary.

Lord Gower made the Motion for throwing out the Bill. And it being near Ten o'Clock the House called out for *the Question*; the Question was put, when 89 were against the Bill, and 43 were for it."

Extract of a Letter from Lisbon, April 30.

"Mr. L----n, our worthy Envoy, who has exerted, though ineffectually, his great Abilities to restore the British Commerce in this Place, is going to leave us. He is sensible of the Infringement, by the Portuguese, of every Article of the Treaties between the two Courts relative to Commerce; but finding himself deceived by the delusive Promises of the Conde d'Oeyras, and unsupported by our Ministry, he has demanded his Recal, which is granted him, and he will soon set out for England.

May 14. *It is said that the only impediment to an immediate coalition of parties, is, the want of obtaining a reconciliation of a certain great Personage to L--- T----. To evidence that, in all probability, such a reconciliation will not take place, and therefore if the conjunction of interests hinges on that event, there is but little prospect of its accomplishment; we are just reminded of a circumstance which happened some few years ago: L--- T----, when he was deprived of the office of P--y S--l (which was the highest and last place he ever held under government) was so disgusted, that he was determined not only to oppose the measures of the M------y, but absolutely to pass a personal affront on the Crown itself. Soon after an opportunity was afforded him, and he embraced it: A general review had been in Hyde-Park, from which a certain great Personage was returning on horseback, properly attended: L--- T-----, who was riding at the same time for the benefit of the air, and perceiving it, put spurs to his horse, and arrived just at the time his M-----y was going out of the Park, through the gate at Hyde-park-corner, and, without staying to let his M-----y pass, rode through the gate directly before him, without paying any respect to, or taking the least kind of notice of him. The K--- observing this piece of rudeness, said, if he had been aware of his L-------p's intent to affront him, he would have rode over him; and afterwards declared, that in consequence of this Transaction, he would never do business with his L------p again.*

Besides the affairs of the Colonies, which it is certain will make one object of a great man's labours next week, a limitation of the prerogative of the c----n in one or more instances, will also excite his abilities.

It is said that there were seven different resolutions proposed in a certain assembly on American affairs this week, none of which took place.

Last week a lady at the west end of the town, who had her head dressed in the present taste, high and large, consisting of hair, wool, the dressings of flax, &c. which constitute a roll for a foundation, and over that a large quantity of lace, one row above another; had the misfortune to set the whole fabrick on fire with her candle, by not making a proper allowance of distance from the flames; the apprehension of such a bonfire about her ears (as she owns) stupified her so much, that she could not ring her bell, nor call out for help; and had not the smell of the burning hair alarmed her waiting maid, who was in the next room, she must have perished, and perhaps the house been set on fire. She now lies dangerously ill of the fright, and having her forehead, eyes, and ears, much burnt, notwithstanding the care of the servant, who almost set herself on fire, in extinguishing her lady's.

It is now no longer a Secret that Carlton House is the grand Spring of all the Actions of the present Ministry.----It is to the baneful and pernicious Influence of that House, that we owe all those destructive Measures, which have produced the present alarming Discontents. The People of England have never complained without some Foundation for their Complaints, nor have they ever ceased to murmur when oppressed. They are conscious that, in their collective Capacity as a Nation, they are, and always were respectable; and however venal Sycophants, the Tools and Favourites of a Day, may affect to despise them, or treat their Petitions as the idle Murmurs of a deluded Mob, their Revenge, though slow, is sure; and they will one Day teach such Men, that it is the highest and most consummate of all Folly to incur the Indignation of a free People.

The Prudence of a King is chiefly discernable in the Choice of his Servants. A wise King may indeed be imposed upon and deceived in the Choice of them; but then he will soon find out his Mistake, and remove them; and never support them against the Sense of his People. Whenever a People complain of the Misconduct of his Ministers, a wise King will never ask such Ministers whether such Complaints are just or not; because he can never expect to be informed of the Truth from those, who are the very Persons complained of. But he will call to his Council, and take the Advice of such Men, as are most remarkable for their Wisdom and Integrity; and whose Judgments are no Ways warped or biassed by Self-interest in the Question; for on such only may he safely depend.

BOSTON, *July* 12.

On Sunday last the greatest Number of Canker-worms appeared in several Pastures in this Town, that have been known these twenty Years past.

The Canker-worms have done great Damage in some of the Country Towns, not only in this Province, but in New-Hampshire and Rhode-Island: They come up from the Earth in Swarms, and devour the Grass in a prodigious Manner; when they have destroyed one Pasture, they travel to another, passing the Roads, and going over Fences, Walls, and Houses: The People in the Country have been obliged to dig Trenches around their Corn Fields, to keep them out; and have been obliged to tar their Houses, as some of the Worms have got into their Rooms and Beds. It has been observed, that when the Grass has been mowed, to prevent their destroying the whole, the Heat of the Sun makes them uneasy; and have bit several People that were at work Bare-foot, but their Bite, though smart, is not venomous.

July 16. At an Adjournment of the Meeting of this Town at Faneuil-Hall, on Friday last, the Committee reported a Draft of a Letter, designed to prevent ill Impressions being made on the Minds of the People of England, from certain Representations sent home by our inveterate Enemies here, in the Lydia, Captain Hood, which sailed about a Fortnight ago. Notice was also taken therein of a Paper printed in London, called the Case of Capt. *Thomas Preston*, giving an Account of the horrid Massacre of the Fifth of March last, altogether different from the Truth, and manifestly with an Intent to prejudice the Town. The Draft was approved of by the Meeting, and Copies were ordered to be sent to such Gentlemen in England as the Committee should think proper; and they were accordingly put on board Captain Hall's Vessel, which sailed on Saturday Morning.

Captain Lambert last Week arrived at Salem from the West-Indies, informs, that on the preceding Saturday he spoke with the Packet, bound to New-York, off St. George's Bank, and learnt from her, that the Act imposing Duties on Paper, Tea, &c. was totally repealed the 25th of May.

Last Week a Mast Ship arrived at Casco-Bay from London: She left the Downs the 21st of May, but has brought no public Papers. The Master informs, that before he left London, he was told, the Act, laying a Duty on Tea, would be repealed this Session of Parliament.

Further REMARKS, &c. on the COMET.

IT appears, that this Comet, while under Observation, has passed over an Arch in the Heavens of 140 Degrees, which wants but 40 of compleating Half a Circle. This Length it has run in 7 Days and 6 Hours. It appears, that the general Direction of its apparent Course along its trajectory Path, has been nearly in a straight Line from S. by W. to N. by E. The several Degrees of Velocity with which it has apparently moved since first observed are as follow, viz.

	Deg.	Min.
In the first 24 Hours after Observation, it moved about	04	00
In the second 24 Hours, about	07	00
The next 48 Hours,	37	45
The next 24 Hours,	43	30
The next 54 Hours,	46	45

When last under Observation it was about 12 Degrees above the Horizon, and 40 East of North, and no more than 26 Degrees from the Body of the Sun: And did probably pass from a Northern to a Southern Latitude (thus forming its descending Node) some Time on the 5th of this Month, intersecting the Ecliptic, about the 3d Degree in Cancer, making therewith, an Angle of about 78 Degrees; its Course, tho' nearly in the same Line as heretofore, is notwithstanding now towards the South, it having passed more than 90 Degrees from our Zenith. Hence as it daily passes our Meridian (between the Hours of 12 and 1 o'Clock) it gains further towards the South, though invisible to us. It was in, or near its Perigee, or least Distance from the Earth, on Sunday, P. M. July 1st, when its Position was near the North Star. It has probably passed the Sun, a few Degrees to the Westward of its Body; and it is most likely in its Return from it, having passed its Perihelion, no more an Object of Observation, unless it should some Time hence emerge from below the Southern Horizon.

NEWPORT, July 16.

Since our last 10 Persons have been apprehended here, and at Narraganset, and committed to Goal in this Town, for passing Counterfeit Dollars and Half-Joes, a considerable Number of which have been discovered; one Man having taken to the Value of between 40 and 50 Dollars. As it is likely many have been sent into other Governments, it will be proper for the People to be very careful in taking them at this Time. The Difference between the base and true Coins is pretty evident on Comparison. For some Reasons the Names of the Persons are omitted till next Week, when we expect to give a more full and particular Account of this villainous Scene, in which, according to present Appearances, the Actors are very numerous.

NEW-YORK, *July* 23.

Captain Prince, in 30 Days from Cayenne, informs, that the French are busily employed in adding many new Works to the Fortifications of that Place, and from their Disposition, it looked as if they were at the Eve of War.

Capt. Harriot, in 52 Days from Cape Coast, in Africa, informs us, That it was so sickly in the Garrison whilst he was there, that out of sixty three Men, of which it consisted, 43 died in twenty one Days.

On Tuesday Evening last, about 10 o'Clock, the Comet (as it is supposed) which we lately lost Sight of in the North, in its rapid Progress towards the Sun, appeared again in the South, at the Edge of the milky Way, about 45 Degrees or less from the Horizon, near the Place of its first Appearance on the 25th of June, but it was now very dull and obscure. The Sky the two last Nights was cloudy, and we shall probably see it no more.

ELIZABETH-TOWN, *July* 19, 1770.

Mr. GAINE,

By publishing the Inclosed in your next Mercury, you will oblige your Friends in New-Jersey in general, but those in this Town in particular.

AT a Meeting of a Number of respectable Freemen and Freeholders of the County of Essex, convened, by Advertisements, at Elizabeth-Town, on the 16th of July, 1770, they entered into the following Resolutions.

Whereas the Merchants and Traders of the City of New-York, have lately thought proper, contrary to their own Agreement, and in Violation of their public Faith, to break through the only Measure that could have obtained a Redress of the Grievances complained of, as subversive of the Liberties of North-America: We, the Inhabitants and Freeholders of the County of Essex, in the Province of New-Jersey, DO RESOLVE,

1st, That it is our unanimous Opinion, that the several Signers to the late Importation Agreement in New-York, have basely and perfidiously betrayed the common Cause, deserted their Countrymen, in their united Struggles for a Removal of ministerial Oppressions, and violated their Faith, so often plighted to the Friends of constitutional Liberty, both in Great-Britain and her Colonies.

2d, That every Person, who, contrary to the Non-importation Agreement, hath or shall import, ought, by the Friends of their Country, to be treated, not only in like Manner as they themselves set the Example, in the late Case of the Merchants and Traders of Newport, in the Colony of Rhode-Island, but be held in the utmost Contempt, by all the Friends of Liberty, and treated as Enemies to their Country.

3d, That we will strictly adhere to our Resolutions of the 5th of June last, as far as they relate to purchasing Goods imported from Great-Britain.

They then proceeded to appoint a Committee of Correspondence, who are also to do every other Act necessary for promoting and supporting the above Resolutions."

PHILADELPHIA, July 26.

Thursday last JOHN DICKINSON, Esq; was married to Miss MARY NORRIS.

Tuesday last arrived here the Schooner Mary, Captain Bennet, as a Flag of Truce, from Port au Prince, in 15 Days Passage, by whom we learn, that the late Earthquake had thrown down all the Houses at that Place, except two, and buried a great Number of People in the Ruins, many of whom have since been dug out; that they had frequent Shocks every Day afterwards till he sailed, which kept the Inhabitants in continual Alarm, who were forced to make the best Shelter they could under Tents, &c. in the Day, and at Night as many as could went on board the Shipping in the Harbour; that they were in the greatest Distress imaginable for Want of Provisions at Port au Prince, having scarce enough to bring them hither; that at Leoganne every House was thrown down; and at Petit-Guava the Water flowed where the Town formerly stood.

Yesterday arrived here Captain Mitchell from Londonderry, with a great Number of Passengers. By him we have the following Paragraph of the 18th of May. "All the Public Business has been done for some Days in both Houses of Parliament, and they would certainly have been prorogued Yesterday (the 17th) had not the Examination of Witnesses in the Anglesey Cause occasioned the Meeting of the House of Lords some Days longer; and it is imagined they cannot get thro' them before Tuesday (the 22d of May) when his Majesty will go to the House, and after a most gracious Speech from the Throne, the Parliament will be prorogued."

Captain Waide, from Jamaica, on the 6th Instant, off the Havanna, spoke a Brig Captain Warren, from Jamaica for Rhode-Island, 12 Days out; and on the 16th, off the Capes of Virginia, he spoke a Sloop, Captain Shewell, from this Port, bound to Antigua, out 24 Hours, all well.

Captain Davis, from Lisbon, on the 21st of June, in Lat. 29: 37, Long. 50, spoke a Brig, Captain Alger, from New-London for Barbados, out 20 Days; on the third Instant, in Lat. 37: 5, Long. 60, spoke the Ship King George, Capt. George Gregory, from Carolina for Bristol, out 6 Days, having carried away her Main and Mizen Topmasts the Day before, in a Gale of Wind; 7th, in Lat. 37: 45, Long. 61, spoke a Brig, Captain Walker, from Piscataqua for St. Louis, 6 Days out; and on the 9th, in Lat. 37: 47, Long. 62, he spoke a Brig, Captain Colwell, from Georgia for Cowes, 10 Days out, all well.

Captain Ferguson, from Belfast, on the 28th of May, in Lat. 48: 19, Long. 21: 35, spoke the Brig Betsey, Captain Brown, from Maryland

for Cork, out 34 Days; on the 13th Instant, in Lat. 39:28, Long. 68, spoke the Snow James and Mary, Captain Workman, from New-York for Learne, 4 Days out; and, the same Day, he spoke a Brig from St. Lucia for Newberry, all well, but did not learn the Master's Name.

Captain Waters, from Lisbon, on the 8th Instant, in Lat. 25:30, Long. 55:30, spoke a Sloop, from Piscataqua for St. Lucia, out 25 Days; 16th, in Lat 32:22, Long. 70:50, spoke a Snow, Captain Smith, from Jamaica for Bristol, 30 Days out; 17th, spoke a Ship, Captain Alexander Ogilvie, from Jamaica, out 31 Days, had several Passengers on board, all well, but could not learn where bound; 19th, in Lat. 36, Long. 72:30, spoke a Schooner, Captain Dorsey, from North-Carolina for St. Vincents, 4 Days out; the same Day, spoke a Sloop, Captain Harding, from North-Carolina for the West-Indies, all well; and, on the 21st, off our Capes, he spoke a Sloop, Capt. Hatch, from Rhode-Island for Virginia.

Captain Harr, from Lisbon, on the 20th Instant, just on the Edge of Soundings, spoke a Schooner, Captain Brown, from Virginia for Barbados, out 24 Hours, all well.

Captain Tingley, arrived at New-York from Madeira, on the 12th Instant, in Lat. 40:3, Long. 68, spoke with Capt. Leech, from this Port for Lisbon.

ARRIVALS.

From Philadelphia. *Captains Bingley, Shewell, Taylor, and Caton, at Lisbon; and Captain Carlisle, at Antigua.*

Captain Davis, from Baltimore, is arrived at Lisbon.

At Antigua. *Captains Simpson and Bushnell, from Virginia; Kell and Brooke, from Maryland; Sears, from New-York; Bragdon, from Piscataqua; and Captain Morrell, from Falmouth.*

Captain Bull, for New-York, was to sail from Lisbon the 16th of June.

*** For Messieurs TOWNE's and GODDARD's Advertisements, &c. see the SUPPLEMENT.

☞ The Piece signed a JERSEYMAN, came too late for this Week's Paper.

Philadelphia, July 26, 1770.

THE DEPUTY POST-MASTERS of the Northern District of NORTH-AMERICA, are requested to send their Accounts, for the future, to THOMAS FOXCROFT, Deputy Post-Master of this Place.

Messieurs HALL and SELLERS,

Please to insert the following, in Answer to a Piece, signed PHILO-VERITAS, *published in your last.*

WHEN our Merchants entered into their Non-importation Agreement, they made the Act of 7th George III. imposing Duties on Tea, Paper, Glass and Colours, the sole Object of that Agreement; considering the Molasses and Wine Act as a mere Regulation of Trade, and therefore not so repugnant to their Liberties as the other.---It is certain, that the Wine Act was considered in that Light by our Merchants, which induced them to reject the Proposition from Boston for making a Repeal of it likewise an Object of their Agreement: And they were not, till of late, convinced of its being as unconstitutional and injurious to their Rights, and meriting the same firm Opposition as the Tea Act.---The dangerous Extension of the Power of the Admiralty Court, and the Establishment of the Board of Customs, ought, on the same Principle, to have been included in our Agreement. Against all these the patriotic Inhabitants of Carolina have directed their Non-importation; well knowing that their Property can never be safe, whilst indefinite Power is placed in the Hands of Men, whose Interest it is to oppress and rob them.

Philo-Veritas observes, that the Importers of Dry Goods in this City have, for a considerable Time past, made a voluntary Sacrifice of their commercial Interest, &c. I hope the Sacrifice was voluntary, and that their future Conduct will prove it to have been patriotic.

Our Agreement was intended to distress the Manufacturers and Traders of Great-Britain, and thereby induce them to unite with us in our Endeavours to obtain a Repeal of the Tea and Paper Act.-----The Manufacturers and Traders of Great-Britain were, as we expected, greatly distressed; and nothing but the Promises of the Ministry to satisfy the Americans, and to open the Trade, would have kept them quiet.------They began to move in almost every County in England, and would have speedily obtained a Repeal for us, had not the most daring Falshoods been propagated to deceive them, and great Pains and Influence used to stifle their Murmurs during the present Session.------Instead of a total Repeal, which they expected, and which they knew a Revival of their Trade depended on,----a Repeal only of the Duties on Paper, Glass and Colours, took Place;-----a Scheme of the Minister to try our Pulses, whether we would grasp an empty Shadow, in Lieu of a Substance.------Dissatisfaction and Discontent among the Manufacturers of Great-Britain, are the Consequences of the partial Repeal;-----and our Friends in Great-Britain assure us, that Perseverance in our present Measures, and Unanimity among ourselves, will ensure us Success in the next Session of Parliament. He therefore that uses his Endeavours to break our present Agreement, and to raise an Opposition between different Classes of his Fellow Citizens, not only acts in direct Opposition to the Sentiments and Advice of our best Friends in Great-Britain, who have engrafted our Cause with their own; but destroys, as much as in him lies, the only sure, safe and peaceable Means we have, under Heaven, of obtaining Redress.

The Repeal of the Duties on Paper, Glass and Colours, has done nothing for us.------It is not a Repeal of the Act of 7th George III. an Act which Veritas observes, "is not only unconstitutional in itself, but introductory of further and greater Impositions."------The Force of that Act still remains.------Its baneful Influence is not lessened.-----It is still an Act for the Purpose of raising a Revenue in America------is still unconstitutional, and introductory of further Impositions.

Does Veritas imagine that we have so far lost our Senses, as to forget the Object against which we set out?---Had the Act of 7th George III. imposed a Duty on no other Article but Tea, does he imagine we would have couched to it? The Ministry, by the partial Repeal, declare they did not intend to satisfy the Americans; they meant to satisfy their own People, and to deceive the Americans.

We can do as well without British Paper as without Tea; and if the Parliament has a Right to tax every Article which we may do without, they may tax, with the same Right, almost every Article usually imported from Great-Britain.----But this proves too much for Philo-Veritas; he desires to know how the Liberties of America can be affected by a partial Importation from Great-Britain.

The Liberties of America may be affected by a partial Importation, if that partial Importation be so extensive as to take off from the Opposition to the parliamentary Claim of taxing the Colonies, any Manufacturers or Traders, who are now disposed or engaged to assist us. A partial Importation is already allowed by our Agreement, and can do no Hurt, if not extended much further.----But every reasonable Man will acknowledge, that any further Employment given by us at this Time to British Manufacturers and Traders, will make them more indifferent and cool to the Repeal of the Tea Act.

If the Ministry and Parliament continue, through the next Session, obstinately bent to enslave us, by a Retention of the Duty on Tea, and their other Impositions, we may find it necessary to allow the Importation of some other Articles than those mentioned in our present Agreement. But their Number should be as small as possible; comprehending those Things only which absolute Necessity may require.----Here would be a sumptuary Agreement---an Agreement which, in a few Years, would effectually enrich us.

I agree with Philo-Veritas, that no good Purpose will be answered, "by making a real Evil of that which, by a prudent and steady Conduct, may be turned to the Advantage of the Colonies;" i. e. to make a real Evil of the Non-importation Agreement, which has already proved a Blessing to all America, by clearing her from an immense Debt, and establishing many useful Manufactures in her different Provinces; an Agreement acknowledged by every Man of virtuous Patriotism, to be the best Bulwork of American Liberty.

I really think that Philo-Veritas has "a strange Way of fighting an Enemy, by firing on his," and his Country's, "best Friends," I mean the Friends to the Non-importation Agreement; the Friends to Liberty, and America. It plainly proves, that "Passion (or a Love of Importation) has got the better of his Reason."

Philo-Veritas desires the Importers of Wine, &c. to stand forth-------They ought assuredly to join their virtuous Brethren in their Opposition to the Claim of Taxation. And if the Board of Customs is grievous and unconstitutional, if the Admiralty Court is invested with a Power destructive of Freedom, they must shudder at the Thought of contributing daily and largely to their Support.----They are, in Duty to themselves, their Posterity, and their Country, bound to import no Article on which a Tax is laid for the Purpose of a Revenue, or for the Support of any unconstitutional Establishment. A Suspension of all Duty Articles, for the above Purposes, is a Measure of great Importance; a Measure which would give permanent Strength to the present Agreement, and disappoint every Child of Oppression, every Lover of Importation, under the present parliamentary Burthens.

AMOR PATRIÆ.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig George, J. Wilson, Brig Bolton, J. Harr, Brig Betsy, J. Waters, and Snow Venus, W. Davis, from Lisbon. Ship Nancy, C. Donavan, Falmouth. Sloop Nancy, W. Marshall, Porto-Rico. Brig Lovely Lass, A. Waide, Jamaica. Sloop Speedwell, A. Dyer, N. Carolina. Ship Morris, W. Long, St. Ubes. Brig Dolphin, J. Chatham, Antigua: Brig Betsy, J. Hudson, Cape-Nicola. Sloop Africa, J. M'Leod, St. Eustatia. Schooner Polly, S. Green, and Sloop Ranger, S. Prudden, New-Providence. Sloop Adventure, J. Markham, Virginia. Sloop Elizabeth and Mary, J. Mathelin, from Honduras.

OUTWARDS, Snow Minerva, J. Oliver, for Cadiz. Ship Polly and Peggy, H. Hubbs, and Brig Bolton, J. Harr, Lisbon. Brig Prince of Wales, T. Mason, S. Carolina. Brig Content, S. Workman, and Brig Favourite Molly, J. M'Daniel, Barbados. Schooner Amelia, W. Ivory, and Schooner Rebecca, J. Holden, Virginia. Schooner Two Williams, R. Baker, and Brig Paragon, W. Barber, Dominica. Brig Sally, J. Doble, Newfoundland.

CLEARED. Brig Sarah, R. Winter, to Bermuda. Schooner Sally, J. Thompson, New-Providence. Brig Nancy, V. Welch, Barbados. Schooner Two Brothers, J. Clarke, and Schooner Nancy, A. Mills, North-Carolina. Sloop Kingston, J. Dickson, Demarara. Sloop Paragon, J. Hinson, Boston. Ship Elizabeth, D. Brown, to Cork.

Philadelphia, ss.

To all Merchants, Masters of Vessels, Pilots, &c.

WHEREAS, by an Act of Assembly of this Province of Pennsylvania it is enacted, "That from and after the Publication hereof, no unhealthy or sickly Vessels, coming from any unhealthy or sickly Place whatsoever, shall come nearer than one Mile to any of the Towns or Ports of this Province or Territories, or shall presume to bring to Shore such Vessels, nor to land their Goods or Passengers at any of the said Ports or Places, until they shall obtain a Licence from the Governor and Council, or from any two Justices of the Peace of any other Port or County of this Province or Territories, under the Penalty of One Hundred Pounds for every such Vessel so landing as aforesaid."

And whereas by one other Act, passed the second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King GEORGE the Third, intituled, "An Act for erecting the Southern Suburbs of the City of Philadelphia into the District of Southwark," &c. it is, among other Things, further enacted, "That from and after the Publication of this Act, no unhealthy or sickly Vessels shall come nearer than one Mile to the Southern Bounds of said District, nor shall presume to bring to Shore such Vessels, nor to land their Passengers or Goods at any Port of the said District, until they shall obtain a Licence from the Governor for the Time being, and his Council, or from any two Justices of the Peace for the County of Philadelphia, under the Penalty of Ten Pounds for every Passenger so landed, and One Hundred Pounds for every Vessel so brought within a Mile of the Bounds aforesaid; to be paid by the Commander, Merchant or Owners of the said Vessel offending in the Premises," to be recovered and appropriated as by the said Laws more fully appears.

And whereas many Vessels arrive at this Port, during the Summer Months, from several of the West-India Islands, that are very unhealthy, by which Means contagious Diseases are too frequently introduced amongst us, to the great Annoyance of the Inhabitants: His Honour the Governor has therefore strictly enjoined me to be very vigilant (particularly at such Seasons) of all such Vessels, as also those from Europe, having Passengers on board: I do, therefore, give this public Notice, to all Persons concerned therein, that they demean themselves agreeable to the said Acts, as the Penalties thereby imposed, will be most rigorously executed against all Delinquents in the Premises.

THOMAS COOMBE, Health-officer.

N. B. The Southern Bounds of said District extend Half a Mile to the Southward of the Swedes Church. ¶

WANTED,

A pleasant, easy, pacing, SADDLE HORSE, Full fifteen Hands high, not exceeding six Years old, very gentle, and free from starting or stumbling. Enquire of JOHN BIDDLE, at the Sign of the INDIAN KING, in Market-street. ‡

To the FREEHOLDERS, and other ELECTORS, in the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

YOUR voting me on the Return for the Sheriff's Office at the last Election, demands my public Acknowledgment, and I hereby do it with much real Gratitude. This Mark of your Esteem, encourages me again to solicit your Votes and Interest at the next Election, and, if I should be so happy as to obtain your Favours, my utmost Efforts shall be exerted, to shew my further Gratitude, by a faithful Discharge of the Trust reposed in me. I am, GETLEMEN,

Your Friend, and humble Servant,

JUDAH FOULKE.

JOSEPH STANSBURY,

In SECOND-STREET, near ARCH-STREET,

HATH on Sale, a Variety of CHINA; consisting of blue and white, and enamelled *handled Tea Cups and Saucers*, Tea Jarrs, Jarrs and Beakers, Cream Ewers of the newest Fashion, half Pint Basons and Plates, blue and white, and enamelled Butter-plates, flat and deep, blue and white, and coloured Table-plates, small round Dishes, Sugar-dishes, Nibs and Tavern Bowls, and great Choice of *blue and white Tea Cups and Saucers*, &c. &c.

Glass, Delft, and *Cream coloured* WARES, as usual.

Bottles and Basons, and a few Prussian Decanters labelled *Madeira*.

ALSO,

A Parcel of French INDICO, by the Dozen, or larger Quantity.

TO BE SOLD,

On Friday, the 10th Day of August, at Twelve o' Clock, at the LONDON COFFEE-HOUSE,

THE SAILS, standing and running RIGGING, ANCHORS, CABLE, BOATS, and other Materials, belonging to the Snow BETSEY, lately cast away at Cape Henlopen: The HULL, as it now lies on the Cape, will be sold at 7 o' Clock in the Evening of the same Day. *July* 23, 1770.

Philadelphia, July 20, 1770.

WHEREAS little or no Regard has been paid to a former Advertisement, requesting all Persons indebted to the Subscriber, either by Bond, Note, or Book Debt, to discharge the same. This informs them, for the last Time, that unless they discharge the same, within one Month from the Date hereof, their Accounts will be put into the Hands of an Attorney, without Respect to Persons.

RICHARD HUMPHREYS. †

Philadelphia, July 25, 1770.

THOSE Persons, who are indebted to MIFFLIN and DEAN, for Goods purchased above twelve Months, are desired to PAY before the First Day of SEPTEMBER next; otherwise they will be SUED without further Notice.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Monday, the 13th of August, at 6 o' clock in the evening, at the house of the Widow Williams, in Front-street, a certain two story brick messuage, and lot or piece of ground, situate on the east side of Second-street continued, in the District of Southwark, containing in breadth 18 feet, and in depth 65 feet; bounded southward by a house and lot of George Thumb, northward by ground now or late of William Shippen, and westward by Second-street aforesaid; subject to a groundrent of Five Pounds, Pennsylvania currency, per annum; late the estate of Joseph Blythe, deceased; seized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Monday, the 13th of August, at 6 o' clock in the evening, at the house of the Widow Williams, in Front-street, a certain lot or piece of ground, situate on the west side of Third-street, and south side of Stamper's alley, in the city of Philadelphia; containing in breadth 22 feet, and in depth 109 feet, having a stable erected thereon; subject to a groundrent of Five Pounds sterling, per annum; late the estate of John Winter; seized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Tuesday, the 14th of August, at 5 o' clock in the afternoon, at the house of James Black, in Southwark, a certain lot or piece of ground, situate in Moyamensing township, containing in breadth 100 feet, and in depth 122 feet, or thereabouts, having a frame tenement erected thereon; bounded by Christian-street, and ground of Joseph Meyer, John Lownes, and Anthony Richards; subject to a groundrent of Five Pounds Five Shillings, per annum; late the estate of Paul Saeider; seized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Wednesday, the 15th of August, at six o' clock in the evening, at the house of John Chandler, in Chestnut-street, a certain messuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground, situate on the west side of Fourth-street, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth, on said street, 18 feet, and in length or depth 196 feet; bounded on the east by Fourth-street aforesaid, on the south, and on the north, by ground of Mordecai Yarnall, and on the west by ground late of William Hinton, deceased; subject to a groundrent of Four Pounds Ten Shillings, per annum; late the estate of John Yeater; seized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Thursday, the 16th of August, at 4 o' clock in the afternoon, at the house of Ludwick Kuhn, in Kensington, a certain brick tenement, and lot of ground, situate in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth, on Hanover-street, 56 feet 2 inches, and in length 77 feet and an half; bounded by lands of Joseph Shippen and William Shippen, and land late of William Ranburry, deceased; late the estate of William Faries; seized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

On Saturday, the 4th of August, at 6 o' clock in the evening, at the house of James Newell, at the sign of the Rainbow, in the Northern Liberties, will be exposed to public sale, if not before disposed of by private sale,

A CERTAIN well finished two story brick messuage, and lot of ground, situate in the Northern Liberties aforesaid, on the west side of Second-street continued, containing in breadth 20 feet, and in depth 230 feet, to a 40 feet alley, running from Brown-street to Poplar-lane. The house contains 19 feet front, with the privilege of a 3 feet alley, and of a pump near the said lot; bounded eastward by Second-street aforesaid, southward by a lot now or late of Jacob Nick, westward by the said 40 feet alley, and northward by a lot late of William Faries; subject to a groundrent of Four Pounds, Pennsylvania Currency, per annum. For further particulars, enquire of JAMES CASSELL.

Wilmington, Seventh Month 21, 1770.

WHEREAS OWEN SULLIVAN obtained a Bond of the Subscriber, for Twenty Pounds Ten Shillings, bearing Date some Time the latter End of the Fourth Month last; and whereas there has not been Value received for said Bond, according to the Intent thereof when given, I therefore forewarn all Persons from taking an Assignment of said Bond, as I shall not pay it until compelled. JAMES BROWN. §

Ridley township, Chester county, July 21, 1770.

FOUR POUNDS Reward.

ON the 7th day of this instant, was taken from the plantation of Richard Crosby, the elder, late of Ridley aforesaid, deceased, in a clandestine manner, a bay MARE, 13 hands and a half high, 12 years old, bald faced, has the hair cut short on the end of the tail, and is long on each side, a natural pacer, and hand-gallops well, is thought to be with foal. The person who stole her is a Welshman, 5 feet 4 inches high, named Joseph Higgins, smooth faced, has his hair cut off, and sometimes wears a wig, and had on a snuff coloured cloth coat, and new brown saggathy breeches. Whoever takes up and secures the said thief and mare, so that the owner may get the mare, and the said Higgins may be brought to justice, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges; or for the mare only, if brought home, Forty Shillings, and reasonable charges, paid by WILLIAM WORRALL, *Administrator.* ‡

Philadelphia, July 24, 1770.

FIFTEEN POUNDS Reward.

WHEREAS about a month ago, there was a letter directed to a certain person in this city, and thrown into their cellar, the author nameless, propagating many false, malicious, and wicked lies against me, and reflecting on my character, and things which they can by no means prove, and which can be for no other reason than to answer their own low, dirty, and selfish purposes; therefore, this is to certify any person who will inform me of the author, or authors, whether he, she, or they, so that they may be brought from behind the curtain, and from stabbing in the dark, shall receive the above reward, paid by me THOMAS CUTHBERT, junior.

N. B. The letter seems by the stile, to be dictated by a silly woman or women, and wrote by some dirty scoundrel, for no man would be guilty of the like. ¶

STOLEN, the 18th of July, 1770, from the subscriber, living in East Whiteland, Chester county, two creatures, one a bay HORSE, about 15 hands high, with a large blaze in his face, three white feet, a well built horse, and paces and trots; his age unknown. The other a grey MARE, about 14 hands high, no brand nor natural mark, a natural pacer, and about 6 years old; she is high couraged. Whoever secures the said creatures, so as the owner may have them again, shall be entitled to Twenty Shillings for each, and reasonable charges; and Forty Shillings for the thief, if taken and brought to justice, paid by DAVID CLOYD. ¶

Philadelphia, Seventh Month, 1770.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of ALEXANDER PARKER, and SARAH PARKER, late of this city, deceased, are desired to pay the same to the subscriber; and those that have any demands against the said estate, to bring in their accounts immediately, that they may be settled by

THOMPSON PARKER, Administrator.

N. B. All persons indebted to the estate of CHRISTOPHER THOMPSON, late of this city, by bond, note, or otherwise, are desired to make immediate payment to

¶ THOMPSON PARKER, Executor.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Springfield township, Chester county, on the 16th of July, 1770, an English servant lad, named GEORGE CANVIN, about 19 years of age, a short thick fellow, of a sour look, large eye-brows, a large nose, much pock-marked, and a large scar on the top of one of his feet; had on, and took with him, an old hat, one old check shirt, one coarse ditto, a pair of white linen trowsers, one pair coarse ditto, an old cambiet coat, not his own, and a pair of black grained pumps. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so that his master may have him again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, paid by

¶ JOSEPH GIBBONS, junior.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

STRAYED from the subscriber, in Cheltenham township, Philadelphia county, a dark roan MARE, about 14 hands and 1 inch high, with a star in her forehead, 6 years old, paces and trots, of good courage, carries middling lofty, one hind foot white, was shod before, but has no brand nor ear-mark. Whoever will bring said mare to the subscriber, near John Shoemaker's mills, shall receive the above reward.

§ SAMUEL BUTLER.

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away, on Tuesday, the 12th day of June last, from the subscriber, living in Pumsted township, Bucks county, Pennsylvania, an Irish servant lad, named Samuel Graham, or Grimes, about 16 years of age, about 5 feet 1 or 2 inches high, clumsy built, wore his own light coloured thick short hair, very grey eyes, with whitish eye-lashes, which makes him look very remarkable, very down look, fair complexion, somewhat freckled, middling full faced; had on, when he went away, a half worn beaver hat, an old striped linsey jacket, the stripes round the body, an old tow shirt, long petticoat tow trowsers, bare footed; took with him an old pair of leather breeches, and old leggings. It is supposed he will try to get to some iron-works in the Jerseys, as he was at Mr. Hughes's iron-works trying to get work; but he may get in with some farmer, as he understands no other sort of business. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so as his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by me

† JOSEPH THOMAS.

N. B. All masters of vessels, and others, are forbid to harbour or carry him off at their peril.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, on the 10th day of July instant, from the subscribers, living in Queen-Anne's county, Maryland, near the Horse Head, two convict servant men, viz. JOHN ROSS, a tall slim fellow, about 6 feet 4 inches high, very much pock-marked, he has a cast with his left eye, very red short hair; had on, when he went away, a tow linen shirt and trowsers, an old red coat, with the skirts cut off, and sleeves taken off, the buttons have number 12 on every one of them; but it is expected he will change his clothes, as his companion has stole some of his master's; the above servant belongs to Wm. Brown. The other, belonging to William Jones, named THOMAS COLLERD, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high; had on, when he went away, a tow linen shirt and trowsers, a good felt hat, a striped jacket, with the stripes round the body, and a pair of blue and white striped trowsers. Whoever takes up the said servants, and secures them, so that their masters may have them again, shall have Three Pounds reward for *Ross*, and Forty Shillings for *Collerd*, and reasonable charges, paid by WILLIAM BROWN, and WILLIAM JONES. §

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

Lancaster, June 26, 1770.

RUN away from the subscriber, living at Lancaster, an indented German servant man, named Martin Brown, about 23 or 24 years of age, of a middle size, longish face, tawny complexion, has dark brown hair, stoops, and walks somewhat slow; he speaks tolerable good English; had on, when he went away, a half worn felt hat, and old check handkerchief, took with him two shirts, one of which is a hempen one, half worn, with figured wristbands, and the other of middling shop linen, tolerable good, buckskin breeches, quite new, neatly made, with a large flap, new black & white mixed ribbed stockings, indifferent shoes, a light grey half worn woollen coat, with spun buttons, on one side of it there is a yellow spot in the folds, a brown woollen turned double waistcoat, with white metal buttons, and a whitish old one, a pair of worn out linen stockings. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him, so that his master may have him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by me

‡ PETER HALLEM.

WAS stolen from the pasture of the subscriber, living in Chichester, Chester county, on the night of the 14th of July, 1770, a grey MARE, about 14 Hands high, between 3 and 4 years old, neither brand nor ear-mark, except a natural spot on the right ear, her off hind foot something whiter than the other, she has a pretty full neck, and very thin light mane, paces and trots; it is thought, that some harvest hand took her to ride up the country. Whoever takes up and secures the said mare, so that the owner may have her again, shall have Twenty Shillings reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by me JACOB DINGEE. ‡

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living in London Britain township, Chester county, near Newark, the 7th of July, 1770, the two following creatures, viz.----A bay HORSE, about 5 years old, about 14 hands and a half high, neither brand nor ear-mark; he appears like the horse advertised by James Bartram, in number 1439 of Messrs. Bradfords paper (as he says) he was cut this summer, and appears like a stallion; he has a small snip between his nostrils, and his feet are all of one colour. The other is a small dark MARE, 4 years old, has neither brand nor ear-mark, a blaze down her face, her hind feet white, and has a lump on the middle of her back. The owners are desired to come, prove their property, pay charges, and take them away. THOMAS LUNN. ‖

JAMES KEDMON, Boot and Shoe-maker,

TAKES the liberty to acquaint his FRIENDS, who were pleased to favour him with their custom, That he has removed to Chestnut-street, three doors from the corner of Second-street, between Front and Second-streets, Philadelphia, where he carries on his BUSINESS in all its branches, particularly BUCKSKIN BOOTS, in the neatest manner. All Gentlemen and Ladies, who please to favour him with their commands, shall be punctually obeyed.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, on Tuesday, the 10th of July, an English convict servant man, named William Blake, a shoemaker by trade; had on, and took with him, a brown fustian fly coat, ozenbrigs shirt, check shirt, and one country homespun ditto, light coloured kersey breeches, white thread stockings, black grained pumps, and an old felt hat; he is about 5 feet 10 inches high, about 40 years of age, has grey hair, speaks thick and fast, and very often gets drunk; he has taken some of his tools with him. Whoever takes up and secures the said servant, so that the owner may have him again, shall have the above reward, if out of the province of Maryland; if out of the county, Three Pounds, and reasonable charges, paid by PETER HUNTER, living in Baltimore county, in the Forks of Gunpowder, in the Long-green. ¶

To be SOLD, by private SALE,

A VERY pleasant situated lot or tract of land, for a gentleman's country seat, in the upper part of Germantown, having 125 feet front on the main street, in the best part of the town to carry on any extensive business, tavern or shop, &c. &c. being between 2 and 3 acres of land; having a large 2 story stone house, a stone kitchen, good stabling, and a good pump thereon, with a large and very pleasant situated garden, great part thereof planted with pear, plumb, cherry, apricot, nectarine, nut and other curious fruit trees, and excellent assortments of flower and garden curiosities; a very fine thriving orchard of the best fruit; and the rest very good grass land. Its pleasant situation will recommend itself, for a summer seat of pleasure or conveniency for any business; several years time (if desired) will be given for the payment of the greatest part of the purchase money, on paying interest, and giving security. Also then to be sold, another near adjacent piece of grass land. The terms of sale may be known on the premises, of CHRISTIAN LEHMAN; or of WILLIAM LOGAN, Esq; at Philadelphia. §

N. B. The title is indisputable.

*** Said *Christian Lehman* also keeps a nursery, and hath for sale, the rarest and best sort of pear, plumb, apricot, cherry, nectarine, nut, and catalpa trees; also tulip and hyacinth roots, during the summer season, &c. &c.

To be SOLD or LETT, and entered upon immediately,

A CONVENIENT DWELLING-HOUSE and LOT, in a pleasant Situation, at the upper End of Chestnut-street, near the State-house, with a Pump in the Yard, a small Garden, and a very good Brick Stable, Chaise-house and Hay-loft. For Terms, enquire of CHARLES MOORE, *at the new Brewery, near the Corner of Fourth and Race-streets, where the usual Kinds of* MALT BEER, *for Exportation, or immediate Use, are made and sold, by*

¶5s.tbctf. THOMAS & CHARLES MOORE.

FORTY OR FIFTY FAMILIES,

INCLINING to settle on good land, situated in the county of Albany, and province of New-York, on the head of the east branch of Susquehanna, which is navigable for small craft to Harris's ferry, may be supplied *on very advantageous terms*, out of several large adjoining tracts.

About 25 miles to the southward of the Mohock river.

Fifteen miles to the westward of the Delaware, navigable for small craft to Philadelphia.

Eleven miles from two fine settlements, called Cherry Valley, and Springfield.

Fifty miles to the westward of Kaatskill landing, on Hudson's river, from whence the carriage of country produce, in sloops, to New-York, is 40 miles less than from Albany; and adjoining the tract on which Colonel Croghan, Captain Provost, and others, now reside, and are making improvements.

The land is a strong fertile soil, fit for wheat and other grain, and interspersed with rich bottoms, suitable for meadows, many of which may be cleared at a small expence. The whole is plentifully supplied with fine streams, which afford great numbers of mill-seats, and abound with variety of fish, particularly the salmon trout.

Twenty families agreeing to settle there, will be attended by a surveyor, to run out the parts they chuse, in which those who first apply will have great advantage, from the quality and situation.

N. B. The above tracts produce the maple tree, from which most of the families in that country supply themselves with all the sugar they use. For further information apply to

Samuel Preston Moore, Joseph Fox, Henry Hill, in Philadelphia.
George Bowne, in the City of New-York.
John Smith, Richard Wells, Richard Smith, Samuel Allinson, James Verree, John Hopkins, in Burlington, New-Jersey.
Joseph Smith, at Moore's-Town; *William Lovet Smith, William Dellwyn,* in Springfield, in Burlington county.

Philadelphia, June 19, 1770.

DESERTED from his Majesty's 18th or Royal Regiment of Foot of Ireland, and from Major ISAAC HAMILTON's Company, at Philadelphia,

JOHN KELLY, born in the North of Ireland, 22 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, a Labourer, hath black Hair, black Eyes, darkish Complexion; went off in his Regimentals, with the Buttons marked 18, the No. of the Regiment. He deserted said Regiment once before, and was brought Prisoner from Carlisle Goal, where he was confined by some of the Inhabitants, by the Name of COOK, which he passed by in that Part of the Country, and he has been tried by a General Court Martial for Desertion. He is apt to sing much in Company, has a strong Voice, but much of the Brogue on his Tongue, and is an idle, drunken and worthless Fellow; he robbed one of his Comrades of near Nine Pounds Currency, the Day he deserted.

THOMAS TAYLOR, born in Shropshire, in Old England, 23 Years of Age, 5 Feet 6 Inches high, a Labourer, hath light brown Hair, grey Eyes, very pale Complexion, smooth faced, and is an ill looking Fellow, and chews much Tobacco. He is supposed to have stole some of his Room-mates Necessaries, which are missing; he was lately punished, and when he went away his back was sore. Whoever apprehends and secures one or both of the said Deserters, in any of his Majesty's Goals, and gives Notice thereof to Major ISAAC HAMILTON, Commanding Officer at Philadelphia, shall receive the Sum of FORTY SHILLINGS, Pennsylvania Currency, Reward for each of them. ¶

BROKE out of the goal of Cumberland county, in West New-Jersey, on Saturday night, the 16th instant, John Clark, alias Walker, by trade a skinner, he is about 19 years of age, a stout well set fellow, long black hair, stoops in his walk; had on a mouse coloured cloth coat and jacket, buckskin breeches, a fine white shirt, one coarse ditto, a white silk handkerchief round his neck, and grey ribbed stockings. Whoever takes up and secures said runaway, shall have Thirty Shillings reward, paid by THOMAS MASKELL, Sheriff. ‖

IF PETER DAM (who for some Years past resided sometimes in Philadelphia, and sometimes in New-Jersey; but went out to Sea this last Spring was 12 Months) would leave a Letter with the Printers hereof, directed to his Brother ANDREW DAM, he will hear some agreeable News. §

To be LETT or SOLD,

A NEW large commodious BRICK HOUSE, with a convenient two Story Kitchen, on the Corner of Lombard and Third-streets. Also a Lot adjoining said House, 16 Feet front, and 77 Feet deep. For Terms, apply to Mr. GUNNING BEDFORD, near the Premises, or to JOHN M'CALLA, at the Corner of Walnut and Second-streets. ¶5W.

Philadelphia, June 14, 1770.

WHEREAS the Partnership of FRANKLIN and HALL, of this City, Printers, has now been expired above four Years, and though frequent Notice has been given, requesting those indebted to said Partnership to pay, yet little or no Regard has been had thereto; this therefore is to advertise all such, for the last Time, that if they do not discharge their respective Ballances, in three Months from this Date, they may expect to be sued, without further Delay, by

FRANKLIN and HALL.

Philadelphia, June 14, 1770.

ALL those indebted to the Subscribers, of this City, Printers, for a Year's Gazette, or more, or for other Printing Business, are requested to pay, which will much oblige their humble Servants, HALL and SELLERS.

Philadelphia, June 14, 1770.

ALL Persons indebted to the Subscriber for Books, or other Stationary, are requested to pay. And whereas a Number of Persons have greatly exceeded their Times of Payment with him, notwithstanding the repeated Notices thereof given, This therefore serves to advertise those in particular, that if they do not come and settle their Ballances, in three Months from this Date, their Accounts will be immediately put into an Attorney's Hands, by DAVID HALL.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Salisbury township, Lancaster county, the 20th of April last, a native Irish servant man, named Michael Gallaher, about 23 years of age, about 5 feet 7 inches high, stout built, black curled hair, of a swarthy complexion; had on, when he went away, a light coloured cloth coat, home made, with flat metal buttons, a short double breasted brown jacket, with white lining, and metal buttons, old buckskin breeches, remarkably greasy, old shoes, yellow buckles, old blue stockings, a half-worn felt hat, a black spotted silk handkerchief, home made shirt; he has a down look, heavy black eye-brows, is apt to drink to excess, and will swear and lie. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in any goal in the province, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by me

¶7s6. ARCHIBALD HENDERSON.

N. B. Was lost, about the latter end of March, seven of St. James Church Lottery Tickets, signed by Thomas Ogle, numbered 1686, 1687, 1688, 1713, 1714, 1715, 1716. Whoever has found them, and will bring or send them to the subscriber, living in Salisbury township, Lancaster county, shall be generously rewarded; but should they not be recovered, by this public notice, the Managers of said Lottery are desired not to pay the prizes, which these tickets may draw, to any person but Archibald Henderson.

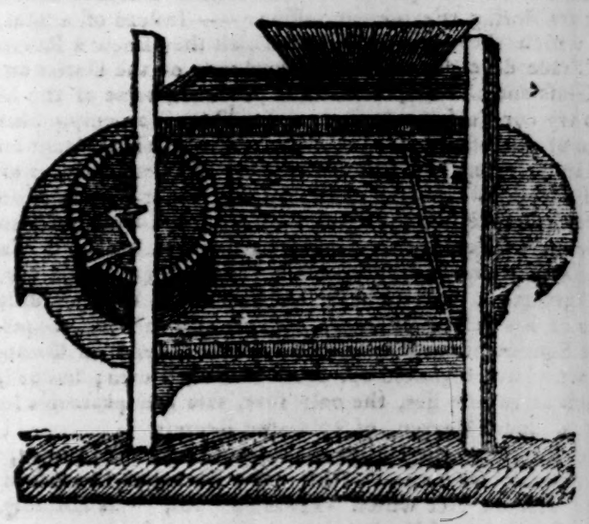
Fourth Month, 10, 1770.

To be SOLD,

A LOT of GROUND, containing Half an Acre, situate in the Town of Winchester, in the Colony of Virginia, with a large commodious Dwelling-house and Kitchen thereon, compleatly finished, upwards of 100 Feet Front, five Rooms on the first Floor, some large, and good Cellars, with Stables, and several other necessary Buildings, a Garden, and a Well of Water; it is very coveniently situated for a Tavern, or any other public Business, and has been occupied as such several Years, with much Reputation, by Brian Bruin, and also a Pasture Lot in the Commons of said Town, belonging thereto, well fenced, containing five Acres.

Also one other Half Acre Lot, on the same Street, opposite the above described Premises, with a well finished Building thereon, and a Cellar; suitable for a Dwelling-house; also a good Store-house and Cellar, with two other convenient Out-houses, and a Garden; also another Pasture Lot, well fenced, containing 5 Acres.

As the above described Houses and Lots may very suitably accommodate two or more Families, they will be sold separate, or together, as may best suit the Purchaser, at a low Rate. Any Person inclining to purchase the whole, or Part, may be informed of the Terms, by applying to the Subscriber, in Philadelphia, to John Hough, in Loudoun County, Virginia, or to William Jolliff, near Winchester aforesaid. OWEN JONES. ¶6W.



MADE and SOLD, by
CHRISTIAN FISS,

At his Shop, in Spruce-street, a few Doors above Front-street, at the Sign of the DUTCH FANN, near the Draw-bridge, Philadelphia,

DUTCH FANNS and SCREENS, made in the best and newest Manner; also various Kinds of WIRE-WORK for cleaning Flax-seed, and all Sorts of Grain; likewise WIRE-WORK for Spring-Houses and Cellar-Windows. He also sells STONE LIME, by the Hogshead, or smaller Quantity.

N. B. As he is a new Beginner, he will be much obliged to those Gentlemen that will please to favour him with their Custom, who may depend on having the best of Work, and at the most reasonable Rates.

Philadelphia, June 21, 1770.

NOW wanted, by the Street Commissioners, a Quantity of PEBBLE STONES for PAVING; and it having been represented to said Commissioners, that Four Shillings per Cart Load, the Price they have paid for several Years past, is not adequate to the Trouble of procuring and delivering such Pebbles, they therefore give this public Notice, to all Persons inclinable to enter on that Business, that they will give Four Shillings and Six-pence per Cart Load for any Quantity, that shall be brought from the Falls of Delaware, and delivered within eight Weeks from this Date, at such Wharfs or Landing Places, as the Commissioners shall direct. ---Provided the Pebbles so brought, be of the same Sizes and Sorts which have been latterly used and approved by the Commissioners.

THOMAS TILBURY, SAMUEL BRYAN,
JOHN MIFFLIN, JOHN CHEVALIER,
WILLIAM WISHART, HENRY DRINKER.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in Hopewell township, Cumberland county, a bay HORSE, about 12 hands high, blind of the near eye, branded with I K, on the near shoulder. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

ROBERT CULBERTSON.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

SUPPLEMENT to the PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE. No. 2170.

Philadelphia, July 12, 1770.

WHEREAS a Partnership was some Time ago entered into between WILLIAM GODDARD, and BENJAMIN TOWNE, which, on Experiment, is found to be inconvenient, I the said *Benjamin Towne*, do therefore for *legal*, as well as expedient Considerations, decline the Connexion, and desire that no Person in future will rely on my Credit as a Partner, in their Contracts and Dealings with the said *William Goddard*.

And whereas a Person is appointed on Behalf of the principal Creditor of the Press, to receive so much of the Subscription Money due from the Inhabitants of the City and Districts, for the *Chronicle*, as will discharge his Debt, the said *Benjamin Towne* therefore can only desire the Subscribers for the said Paper in other Places to pay their Subscription Money to him (at Mrs. *Marsh*'s, in *Second-street*, near *Christ-Church*) as he has been a considerable Sufferer by the Partnership, and *only* wishes to have the Company's Debts paid. ¶

Philadelphia, July 19, 1770.

IT has been my great Misfortune to be concerned in Business, for some Time past, with a very unworthy Man, under the Name of *Benjamin Towne*, formerly a Journeyman in my Office, a Person very little known here, till he was drawn from Obscurity to be made a Scape-goat of his Superiors, to bear off their Iniquity.

Had I not fatally experienced in him the total Want of that Honour and Veracity, which alone can distinguish the good Man from the Villain, the Man of Merit from the Undeserving, I should really be astonished at the matchless Effrontery of the foregoing Advertisement; but when I consider his repeated base Violation of his Word and Honour, his continually divulging the important Secrets of my Business to two Party Men, who would sacrifice even their native Country, to gratify an enormous Lust of Power, under whose Banner he had enlisted himself; his Attempt to defraud an antient Gentlewoman, his Brutality and ungentleman like Behaviour in my Family, and the vile Calumnies he has propagated against me in low malignant Whispers, added to that flagrant Breach of Trust, the opening and suppressing private Letters entrusted to his Care, my Surprize is wholly absorbed in the Indignation I feel for such superlative Prostitution, such an entire Departure from those sacred Laws of Honour and Justice, which are the strongest Band of civil Society.---Notwithstanding I have now a fair Opportunity of shewing the World the cruel Treatment I have met with from Mr. *Towne* and his two Patrons, yet as our Dispute is of such a Nature, as must e'er long bring it before a Court of Judicature, where I flatter myself I shall be allowed a fair and candid Hearing, and have an Opportunity to lay open all the secret Villainy that hath been practised towards me, from the violating private Letters, to the writing and circulating others, without Signature, to murder my Reputation, I am not disposed to enter into a Paper War with M. *Towne*; for I do not think it just to endeavour to anticipate the Judgment of those before whom the Case may come in a judicial Way by premature Publications---and my sole Aim, on this Occasion, is, to shew the Folly and extreme Malice of Mr. *Towne*'s present Advertisement. Besides, were it necessary to lay a compleat State of the Case before the Public, I should only consider Mr. *Towne* as the *Jack-all* to other Animals, who are now lying perdue to seize on me their devoted Prey. The whole, however, will hereafter appear, even if I were sure *Jack Retort*, *Lex Talionis*, *Americanus*, and the whole Pack, should be let loose upon me.

After this infatuated Man had in vain exerted himself to destroy my Business, that he might rise on its Ruin, by using a Variety of low detestable Artifices, to interrupt and defeat the Industry of my Family, particularly in stopping the regular Publication of the *Chronicle*, by carrying off, under Cover of the Night, the Forms as they stood composed and corrected for the Press, as also the Lists of the Customers, &c. which last he heroically snatched from the Hands of my Sister, and *ran* off with them; and finding himself stopped in his Career, in such a Manner, that he had not Spirit and Resolution to withstand, with Chagrin and Despair he abandoned the Office in *February* last; ever since which, he has concealed his Lodgings so effectually, that even the TAX-GATHERERS have not been able to find out his Retreat. He has indeed frequently made *Excursions* abroad; and because I would not permit him to overthrow the Business, by carrying off the Books for the Emolument of himself and --------- and --------- (who have *over-reached* themselves in their Negotiations with him) he tells a *lamentable Tale*, which sounds harsh to those, who are ignorant of the true State of Matters, *that he has been arbitrarily deprived of his* PROPERTY---when it is an indubitable Truth, that he has never been denied the true Use of the Books, &c. when they ought to be used, and when there was any Safety in entrusting them into his Hands. The Propriety of this Caution will further appear, when it is considered, that the late Mrs. *Goddard*'s Interest would have greatly suffered by a Loss of the Books and Papers, she having joined in a Bond with Mr. *Towne*, with a View of serving him as well as me, for the Payment of a considerable Sum of Money, without having any Consideration, or any other Security, than the Possession of the Books, &c. which, on her Death, fell, of Course, into the Hands of her Heirs, who are determined to discharge *her* Contracts as well as *their own*, in the most honourable Manner, of which all Persons concerned may have a satisfactory Assurance, on an Application at my House.

It is a Fact indisputable, that when Mr. *Towne* joined me, he had not a single Shilling but what he drew from my Pocket---that he paid nothing to those, whose Right he bought, it being stipulated, that they should receive their Pay from him in Printing-work, which they were to furnish---that he has not, during our Connexion, advanced £30 in Cash towards the Support of the House, or provided it with a single Sheet of Paper, or any other Kind of Stock; and it is by no Means probable, that his *Credit* could procure any, when he had no other Resource for Subsistence Money, but the Printing-Office-- and that I have bore the Weight of almost all the Company Debts---without any real Aid from him or those Men, who, by a mean Subterfuge, threw *their Debts* on my Shoulders.

There is an absurd Ambiguity in the Advertisement in Question, when, if the Author had been actuated by Justice, he might have spoke boldly out. It however, in a Manner, discovers that the Design was only to lessen my Credit amongst my Customers----It has some where been justly observed, that in such Performances, when Scandal was the Object, "dark Phrases are to be studied, and a confused Description will be frequent, with a Perplexity of Expression, between saying what the Writer's Rancor will not let him withhold, and withholding what his Fear will not let him speak out." I think it necessary to explain it. Mr. *Towne* found himself detected and defeated in his base Manœuvres to avail himself of my Absence in a distant Province, and an unfortunate Event in my Family, to get the whole Business, that I had, at a very great Expence, established, into his own Hands, therefore *very justly* observes, that the Partnership "has been found on EXPERIMENT, very *inconvenient*,"---when it would most assuredly have been very *convenient* to any *honest industrious* Man. To shew his *wonderful Sagacity*, he adds, "*I therefore decline the Connexion*,"--as if a Man, under Articles of Agreement, could at any Time violate them from Motives of *Conveniency*. He then *modestly* desires no Body to "rely on *his Credit* as a Partner in their Contracts and Dealings with me." It is to be lamented that any Man will take so much Pains to make himself contemptible, for the small Gratification of being considered *one Week* a Man of Consequence. Had he dispassionately considered his own real Situation, he must have known, that all his boasted Credit could only exist till the periodical Return of the next *Journal* or *Gazette*. For I can, at any Time, make it appear, that this vain Boaster is now in Arrears to me nearly to the Amount of £200, and that he has now no other Support than the picking up trifling Sums of Money, due to the Company---for which he gives no Credit; except he now and then receives a *Doceur*, which I believe to be small enough, from the *benevolent* and *upright* DUUMVIRATE. I can safely say, I never asked for or received any Credit on this Man's Account, or entertained an Idea of such a Thing---and while I heartily second his Repuest, that no Body would rely on *his Credit*, &c. I can congratulate him on his apparent Safety. For my Part, I only desire to be equally safe with regard to him.

His Assertion, that "a Person is appointed by the *principal Creditor* of the Press, to receive so much of the Subscription Money due from the Inhabitants of the City and Districts, for the *Chronicle*, as will discharge *his* Debt," I do hereby solemnly declare to be an *absolute Falsehood*, which I stand ready to make appear. As to his Request to the Subscribers "*in other Places*," to pay *him*, it is too ridiculous to deserve Notice; for I am confident no Man of common Discernment would pay Money to a FUGITIVE, who holds no Ties of Honour or Contracts binding, but such as are *convenient* to his own Purposes, and who has not a Book or Account, whereby he could ascertain a Debt, or give the proper Credit. The Books, &c. are in my Possession, and whenever my Customers (a Continuance of whose Favours I earnestly request) find it convenient to pay for the Paper, I should be glad they would call upon me for that Purpose, when they shall have Credit on the Book, and proper Receipts.

Upon the whole, though Mr, *Towne* is not entitled to my Esteem and Confidence, yet he has a Right to Justice, and he shall have it to all Intents and Purposes; and I now call upon him to *appear*, and settle his Accounts, agreeable to the Articles, and if he cannot pay his Arrearages, I will take the Security of his Patrons---for I should be rejoiced when I can be "*legally*" relieved from the Dishonour and Slavery of such a Connexion; upon which happy Event, I shall not forget my Promises to the Public of improving the *Chronicle*, in Return for the Indulgence and Favour they have shewn their grateful obliged humble Servant,

WILLIAM GODDARD.

Chester, July 14, 1770.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, on the 6th day of August next, at 2 o' clock in the afternoon, at the house of Isaac Allen, innholder in Newgarden township, will be sold by vendue, two certain messuages or tenements, plantations, and two tracts or parcels of land, thereunto belonging, situate in Newgarden township, bounded by lands of Michael Lightfoot, John Wiley, Francis Hubson, William Rowan, William Miller, and others; late the estate of Jane Jenkins, and James Jenkins, seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

JOSHUA HOWELL has for SALE,
Choice Old MADEIRA WINE,
IMPORTED before the ACTS took Place, imposing the DUTY. †

Philadelphia, July 19, 1770.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of George Hitner, late of this City, deceased, are desired to come and settle the same with the Subscriber, within four Weeks from the Date hereof, or they will be proceeded against as the Law directs, without respect of Persons: And all Persons having any Demands against said Estate, are desired to bring in their Accounts proved, within four Weeks from the above Date.

℔ JACOB LEWIS.

BY virtue of two certain writs of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, by way of public vendue, on the premises, on the 30th day of this instant July, at 10 o' clock in the forenoon, two equal and undivided third parts of Hallam Forge, and of the lands thereto belonging, situate in Hallam township, York county, and near the mouth of Codorus creek, the works are in good order; late the estate of William Bennett, and seized in execution by David M'Conaughy, Esq; late Sheriff, and to be sold by me

‖ GEORGE EICHELBERGER, Sheriff.

For CORK,
The SHIP
ELIZABETH,
DAVID BROWN, Master,

Now loading at Knox's Wharff, will certainly sail in two Weeks. For Freight or Passage, apply to said Master on board, or to CARSAN, BARCLAY, and MITCHELL, who have for Sale, Irish Beef in Tierces and Barrels, and a few Reams of very good Quarto Post Paper.

FOR DUBLIN,
The Brig *CONNELLY*,
ROBERT MILLER, MASTER,

WILL sail with all prudent dispatch, having the principal part of her cargoe engaged; for freight or passage, apply to WILLIAM & ANDREW CALDWELL, or said Master on board, at the south side of Market-street wharff. Imported in said brig, a number of likely, healthy, men & women servants, whose times are to be disposed of, on board.

Wanted, a parcel of long broad boat boards. Enquire as above.

Philadelphia, June 14, 1770.

WHEREAS DANIEL WISTER, of this city, merchant, hath assigned to me, in trust, "all and singular the messuages, tenements, plantations, tracts of land, debts, sums of money, due, owing, and payable unto him, from or by any person or persons whomsoever, by virtue of any judgment, mortgage, bond, bill, specialty, note, book-debt, and assumption whatsoever:" I do therefore give this public notice, to all who are indebted to the said Daniel, that it is expected they will immediately pay off their respective debts, to prevent being sued; and to those who have any demands against him, to bring in their accounts, to be adjusted by

T.b.c.t.f. JOHN GIBSON.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans Court, held at Chester, for the county of Chester, will be exposed to sale, by public vendue, on Friday, the 3d day of August next, on the premises, a certain tract or parcel of land, situate in West-Nantmell township, containing 31 acres, or thereabouts. And also a warrant right of and in 94 acres and 80 perches of land, in the township aforesaid; late the estate of John Gardner, deceased, at which time and place due attendance will be given, and the conditions of sale made known, by JAMES HAIR, JAMES CRAWFORD, REBECCA CRAWFORD, Administrat. †

WANTED immediately, by the Managers of the House of Employment, a Quantity of good FLAX from the Swingle; any Person who can supply them with the same, may apply to JOHN CUMMINGS, *Steward of said House.*

TO BE SOLD,

TWO HAND ORGANS, one plays 27 Tunes, and the other 16, Country Dances, Marches, Minuets, and Psalm Tunes. Any Ladies or Gentlemen that are desirous to purchase, may see them, by applying to the Owner, at Mr. THOMAS CASH's, near the Drawbridge, Front-street, Philadelphia.

N. B. My Stay will be but short. ‡

TO BE SOLD BY
MARY TREPULET, in *Market-street*, near the Market-house, *Baltimore-Town, Maryland*, CAROLINA BEND, and all other Sorts of LEATHER, very cheap. †

TO BE SOLD,
(During the SUBSCRIBER's Life only)

A CERTAIN lot or piece of ground, situate in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth, on Second-street, 102 feet, and extending from thence to Third-street 495 feet, still continuing the same breadth; bounded on the east by Second-street aforesaid, on the west by said Third-street, on the south by a lot formerly Joseph Growdon's, and on the north by Philip Ford's lot. The above piece of ground is opposite the New Market. Any person inclining to purchase the same, is desired to apply for further information to the subscriber, near the Swedes church, in Wicacoa. MARY GREEN. ‖

Easton Goal, in Northampton County, June 28, 1770.

COMMITTED to the said goal, some time in the month of December last, a certain runaway servant man, who calls himself PATRICK ASHLEY, aged about 19 years, and about 5 feet 5 inches high, and says he belongs to James Crawford of Hanover township, in the county of Lancaster; these are therefore to give notice to his said master, that he come or send to release the said servant in four weeks from this day, and pay the charges due on him, otherwise he will be discharged. JOHN SPEARING, Goaler. ‖

Easton Goal, in Northampton County, July 2, 1770.

COMMITTED to my custody, on Saturday, the 30th day of June last, a certain Negroe man, who calls himself Charles Hamilton, says he belongs to Joseph Garrison, of Newberry township, New-Castle county; he is about 30 years of age, and about 5 feet 5 inches high; these are therefore to desire his said master to come, or send for the said Negroe, and pay what reasonable charges are accrued on him.

§ JOHN SPEARING, Goaler.

To be SOLD, by
BALDWIN & GILBERT,
At their STORE, the Corner of FRONT and VINE-STREETS,

GENUINE Madeira Wine, three Years old, by the Pipe, Hogshead, or Quarter-cask, West-India and Philadelphia Rum, Melasses, Muscovado and Loaf Sugars, Bohea Tea, Coffee, Cocoa, Cotton, Mackrel, Bristol and Lisbon Salt, Pork, Gammons, &c. &c. They have likewise on Hand, a very large Assortment of Red Cedar, for almost every Purpose, which that Wood is made Use of.

N. B. Now in the Possession of *Thomas Gilbert*, one of the Overseers of the Poor of the Northern Liberties of the City of Philadelphia, a Silver WATCH, supposed to be stolen, Maker's Name, Snelling, London; any Person, that has lost such a Watch, coming, proving his Property, and paying the Charges, may have it again. *Philad. May 21, 1770.* ¶8W.

IS now selling, a large quantity of the best mens and womens, boys and girls, cotton, thread worsted, and silk stockings, and mens knit breeches patterns; also a variety of fine broadcloths; all upon low terms, by GEORGE BARTRAM, at the Sign of the Naked Boy, between Chestnut and Walnut-streets, in Second-street.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,
A VALUABLE PLANTATION, and Tract of Land, situate in Darby Township, Chester County, bounded by Darby Creek, and Hay Island Road, &c. containing between 120 and 30 Acres of extraordinary good Land, 80 Acres of which cleared, and produces as good Crops of Wheat, or any other Grain, as any in the County, with 12 Acres of Meadow, under the best Grass, the Remainder well timbered. There is on said Plantation a good Log Dwelling-house, Barn, Stables, and a good Orchard of extraordinary Fruit, convenient to Philadelphia Market, the Distance being but 9 or 10 Miles. Said Farm rents for *Fifty Pounds per Annum*. It may be sold in Lots, or the whole together, as may best suit the Purchaser. For Terms apply to ANDREW URION, near the Premises, or the Subscriber, in *Pewter-Platter Alley, Philadelphia*.

GEORGE MORTON.

ABRAHAM FRANKS,
TOBACCONIST & SNUFF-MANUFACTURER,
of LONDON, who served his Time regularly to that Branch of Business,

HAS for SALE, at his Store in Water-street, opposite to Mr. Buckridge Sims, the best Stotch and Rappee SNUFF, Hog Tail, Plug and Pig Tail, fine, English and common cut, Leaf, Carrot, and Lancaster TOBACCO. Any Gentlemen who please to favour him with their Custom, may depend on having the best manufactured Goods of the Kind. §5s. *Tbc.*

TO BE SOLD,

A STRONG healthy Negroe woman, fit for country business, about 24 or 25 years of age; she is sold for no fault but want of employ. For further particulars, enquire of the printers hereof. If she should not be disposed of before Saturday, the 24th of July next, she will then be sold at the London Coffee-house, at 12 o'clock. ¶

A YOUNG WOMAN, with a good BREAST of MILK, would be glad to suckle a Child in a creditable Family. Enquire at Mr. BATCHELOR's, in Second-street, the Corner of Gray's Alley. ¶

EXCELLENT STARCH,
For Exportation, or Home Consumption, to be SOLD by
RICHARD WALN,
At his Store, in Water-street, between Arch and Race-streets, or at his Manufactory in the Northern Liberties. ‡6w.

To be SOLD, by HENRY LISLE, living in Philadelphia, near Second-street bridge,

NINETY-THREE acres of very good land, situate in Blockley township, bounded on the north by Haverford road, a little more than one mile from the Middle-ferry, on Schuylkill, between 70 and 80 acres of which are well timbered woodland, the remainder, being cleared, is chiefly within fence, produces good grass, and has a front both on Lancaster and Haverford roads; there are several very fine springs and runs of water, running through it, which would make it very commodious for a Tanner, besides there being none in that neighbourhood, and a great number of market people pass on both roads to and from market, that skins and bark might be collected with very little trouble; there is also some good meadow ground, it will be sold the whole together, or in two or three parts, as may suit the purchasers. The terms are, one third paid down, when a clear title will be given, the other two thirds in three or four yearly payments, or any longer time, not exceeding seven years.

Also to be sold, or lett, on groundrent for ever, several lots of different dimensions, situate about 300 feet from the south street of this city, and nearly on a line with Seventh-street, on the north side of a fifty feet street, running westward from Southwark, and near to William Drury's Ropewalk; the ground is rich, and very fit for gardening; some of the lots are 230 feet deep, and from 20 to 60 feet front; they will be lett, or sold, very reasonable. To be lett, a large convenient bake-house, with two ovens, on Dock-street. ¶

To be SOLD,

A SOBER healthy young NEGROE Wench, is fit for all Sorts of House-work, and has had the Small-Pox. She will not be sold into the Country, because she is married, and it is thought improper to separate Man and Wife. Any Person inclining to purchase her, may apply to the Subscriber, in Arch-street, between Second and Front-streets,

§ JOHN REEDLE.

WHEREAS in pursuance of an act of General Assembly of the province of Pennsylvania, intituled, An act for granting the sum of Sixty Thousand Pounds for the King's use, and for striking Fifty-five Thousand Pounds thereof in bills of credit, and to provide a fund for sinking the same, and by three subsequent acts for granting to his Majesty the additional sum of Three Hundred Thousand Pounds, the following tracts of located unimproved lands have been duly valued and rated by the assessors for the county of Cumberland, the property of the persons herein after named; and whereas the owners of said tracts of land have neglected to pay the collectors of the different townships the several undermentioned sums, which, according to the said valuation, have been assessed and laid upon said lands, as the proportion thereof for several years past, for said tax, by the act imposed: We, the commissioners of the county of Cumberland aforesaid, in pursuance of said acts do give notice, that on Thursday, the 27th day of September next, at the house of Mr. John Pollock, in the town of Carlisle, will expose to sale by public vendue, the following tracts of located unimproved lands, or such part thereof as will be sufficient to answer the said taxes, and all charges accruing by reason of the non-payment thereof, to the highest bidder. The sale to begin at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and continue from day to day until the whole be sold. Given under our hands and seals.

JOHN BYERS, JAMES DUNLOP, WILLIAM MILLER.

200 acres on Frank's-Town Waters, in Barree township, belonging to John Stephens, rated £2 5 0.

400 acres adjoining the reverend Mr. Duffield, in Derry, belonging to Neal M'Casky, 1 10 0.

755 acres in Fermanagh, belonging to Smith and Buchanan, 7 2 8.

300 acres in Greenwood, belonging to Peter Ash, 2 5 0.

300 acres in Penn's township, belonging to Jacob Symons, 1 2 6.

300 acres on the Mouth of Mohontongo, Greenwood, belonging to Jacob Seagrist, 3 12 6.

2000 acres in Barree, belonging to Samuel Allison, 15 0 0.

600 acres in ditto, belonging to Andrew Boggs, 3 7 6.

200 acres in ditto, belonging to Benjamin Coates, 1 10 0.

300 acres in ditto, belonging to William Beaver, 2 5 0.

200 acres in ditto, belonging to Edward Johnston, 1 10 0.

300 acres in ditto, belonging to Christopher Irwin, 2 5 0.

200 acres in ditto, belonging to George Wolfe, 1 10 0.

100 acres in ditto, belonging to William Witherton, 0 15 0.

600 acres adjoining lands of William Maleavey, in Greenwood; and 500 acres in Newtown, belonging to Messieurs Porter, Ewing and Company, 8 5 0.

200 acres in Foutz's Valley, Greenwood, belonging to Michael Brookheart, 1 10 0.

200 acres adjoining Foutz, in Greenwood, belonging to Thomas Dyer, 1 10 0.

300 acres in Rye; and 1200 acres in Woodcock-Valley, Greenwood, belonging to John Jones, 11 5 0.

300 acres adjoining Nathaniel Barber, in Foutz's Valley, Greenwood, belonging to Samuel Renken, 2 5 0.

600 acres on the west end of Keshacocquilas Valley, in Derry, belonging to Caleb Gredon, 2 5 0.

2000 acres on Town Creek, in Bedford, belonging to Hance Ireland, 7 10 0.

300 acres adjoining Burns, in Bedford, belonging to Bennet and M'Causland, 1 2 6.

200 acres in Penn's township, belonging to Henry Bower, 1 10 0.

300 acres adjoining Casper Reed, in ditto, belonging to Jacob Dowel, 1 17 8.

200 acres on Mohontonyo Forks, in ditto, belonging to John Ginereigh, 1 6 3.

600 acres adjoining George Stump, in ditto, belonging to Paul Gemberling, 3 7 6.

300 acres (2 cleared) in ditto; and 800 acres, belonging to Abraham Hare, 3 0 2.

200 acres adjoining Peter Stroub, in ditto, belonging to Michael Myer, 1 2 6.

400 acres in ditto, belonging to Henry Ryer, 1 10 0.

300 acres in ditto, belonging to Henry Sellers, 1 2 6.

200 acres on Middle Creek, in ditto, belonging to Peter Yeorty, 1 2 6.

300 acres on the Big Lick, in Cumberland; 200 (6 cleared) in Colerain; and 200 acres in Little Hell, Dublin township, belonging to John Galloher, 2 13 5.

300 acres in Cumberland, belonging to M'Causland James, 1 17 8.

150 acres in Dublin; and 300 (7 cleared) in Cumberland; belonging to Andrew Steel, 1 3 7.

300 acres in Greenwood, belonging to Marcus Iluelen, Blacksmith, 1 3 2.

100 acres (patented) in Milford, belonging to Jacob Shadowe, 1 2 6.

100 acres in Fermanagh, belonging to Peter Phrigs, 1 2 6.

400 acres adjoining Thomas Urie, in Colerain, belonging to William M'Illwain, 4 2 6.

150 acres (2 cleared) in Fermanagh, belonging to Nicholas Brand, 1 6 7.

100 acres (3 cleared) in ditto, belonging to Gawin Irwin, 0 19 8.

300 acres at Shana Cabin Waters, near Phrigs's, in Bedford, belonging to Robert Irwin, 3 0 0.

300 acres at Morrison's Cove, in ditto, belonging to Joseph Lindsay, 1 2 6.

133 acres on Gleden's Run, in Cumberland, belonging to John Henthorne, 1 10 3.

300 acres in Dublin, belonging to John Blair, 1 2 6.

300 acres (6 cleared) in Fannet township, belonging to Cromwel M'Avely, 1 10 10.

1200 acres in Rye, belonging to Caleb Jones, 9 0 0.

400 acres in Little Hell, in Dublin, belonging to William Morris, 2 5 0.

600 acres in Barree; 800 adjoining John Montgomery, Esq; in Derry; 270 in West Pennsborough; and 300 acres in Fermanagh; belonging to William Wallace, 19 3 3.

600 acres on Jack's Creek, in Derry, belonging to Cuthbert Landreff, 4 10 0.

1500 acres at Clugayes's Valley, in Dublin, belonging to Messieurs William Wallace, and Caleb Jones, 11 5 0.

Lancaster Goal, June 25, 1770.

COMMITTED to my custody, on suspicion of being a runaway servant, a certain Martin Hailey, as he calls himself, he is about 5 feet 5 inches high, thick set, and has short black hair; had on, when committed, a white coat, a good beaver hat, good shoes, stockings, and trowsers; is a blacksmith by trade, and, on his own confession, says he belongs to Mr. John Campbell, Tavern-keeper, in or near Ligonier, on this Side of Pittsburgh; the said John Campbell is desired to come, and pay his said servant's charges, and take him away, otherwise he will be sold out for his fees, in three weeks from the date hereof, by GEORGE EBERLY, Goaler. ¶

WHEREAS the subscriber, living in Drummore township, Lancaster county, can make appear, if required, that both by the expressions and behaviour of his wife Martha Laird, he hath just cause to fear she will take all methods possible to hurt him, and waste his estate; this is therefore to forewarn all persons, to have no dealings or bargains with her, of any kind whatsoever, for he will pay no debts of her contracting, from the day of the date hereof; and as she has several times absconded his house, entirely contrary to his mind, leaving all things desolate and open, this is therefore to warn all persons, at their peril, not to harbour, entertain, or lodge, either by night or by day, the said Martha Laird, until such time as she and he can be parted in a legal manner.

June 26, 1770. JAMES LAIRD. §

TEN DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away, on Monday, the 26th of June, from the subscriber, living in New-Castle, an Irish servant man, called John Teernan, about 5 feet 8 inches high, well made, is marked with the small-pox, has black hair, tied behind, and talks much with the brogue; had on, and took with him, a light coloured nap coat, with Pinchbeck buttons, inlaid with steel, two striped silk damascus jackets, Russia drilling breeches, good shoes and stockings, silver shoe and knee buckles. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him, so that the subscriber may get him, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, if brought home, paid by

† ROBERT MACK.

N. B. He took with him an old dun coloured horse, with saddle and bridle; he also had several advertisements with him, and may pretend to be going after runaways. All masters of vessels are forbid taking him off at their peril.

RUN away, on the 30th of March last, from the subscriber, living in Cæcil county, Maryland, an indented servant man, named Barney M'Caddem, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, about 22 years of age, by trade a flax hackler, has short brown hair, sandy complexion, is flat footed, knock-kneed, has a long nose; had on, and took with him, a white cloth jacket, a blue ditto, without sleeves, old leather breeches, and linen ditto, one white shirt, some coarse ditto, and tow trowsers, and a new wool hat; he has a forged pass, and says he got it from Charles Brookins, of Maryland. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in any of his Majesty's goals, shall receive Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by me WILLIAM CATHER. ‡

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

STOLEN from the subscriber's mill, at Germantown, Philadelphia county, on the 23d day of June, 1770, a dark bay HORSE, 12 years old, 14 and an half hands high, trots, but paces faster, shod before, and is used to be a fore horse of a team, has neither brand nor ear-mark, that I remember, he is long docked, and hath several saddle spots. Whoever will bring the said horse, or give notice thereof, so that the owner may have him again, shall receive the above reward from me

¶ CONRAD WEAVER.

N. B. He was stolen by a tall man, who had a fine hat, white shirt, black jacket, without sleeves, and white check trowsers.

Philadelphia, July 5, 1770.

WHEREAS the subscriber will be necessarily absent from this city several months, and having several large sums out-standing, requests all those indebted by bond, note, or book debt, to pay their respective balances, &c. to JOHN BYRN, merchant in Second-street, whom she authorises to receive for her, and his receipt shall suffice for MAGDALEN DEVINE.

TO BE SOLD,

A STRONG likely CHAIR HORSE, about 6 years old. Enquire at JACOB HILTZHEIMER's stables, near the upper end of Market-street. ¶

WILLIAM KING, a Fuller by trade, who came to New-York about 9 years ago, in the Ship Pitt, Captain Montgomery, from Learn, is now desired to apply immediately to JAMES CUMMINGS, of Chestnut Level, or to Mr. JOHN FAIRIES, Limner, in Philadelphia, where he will hear of something much to his advantage. †

Philadelphia, July 3, 1770.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away the first instant, from the subscribers, an Irish servant lad, named WILLIAM M'MULLAN, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, slender made, 19 years of age, red complexion, sandy coloured hair; had on, and took with him, when he went away, an old dark coloured cloth coat, with brass carved buttons, which hath been dyed a second time, and makes it appear streaked in several places, a snuff coloured lapelled cloth jacket, without sleeves, leather breeches, oxenbrigs shirt and trowsers, white thread stockings, and a new felt hat; it is supposed he is gone in the Jerseys with two other lads. Whoever secures said servant, so that the subscribers may have him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

JOSHUA and CLEMENT HUMPHREYS.

N. B. All masters of vessels, and others, are forbid to harbour or carry him off, at their peril. †

FOUR POUNDS Reward.

RUN away the first of this instant July, from the subscribers, living in Oxford township, Chester county, two Irish servant men; the one named JOHN KEHOE; had on, and took with him, a grey jacket, made sailor fashion, blue plush breeches, blue coloured stockings, his shoes tied with whangs, a new felt hat, one check shirt, one tow cloth ditto, and tow cloth trowsers, about 5 feet 8 inches high, near 40 years of age, and wears a wig. The other named LAWRENCE KEAS, about 21 years of age, about 5 feet 8 inches high; had on, and took with him, a brown coat, part of the fore skirt eat off by some beast, blue plush breeches, grey stockings, one check shirt, one tow ditto, tow cloth trowsers, and two striped jackets; has short brown redish hair, and red beard; they both speak with the brogue. Whoever apprehends said servants, and secures them in any of his Majesty's goals, so as their masters may have them again, shall have the above reward, or Forty Shillings for either of them, paid by WILLIAM CARLILE, and JAMES M'DOWELL.

N. B. As Kehoe had been on board a man of war, it is likely he will try to get off in some vessel; therefore all masters of vessels are forbid to carry them off. §

July 2, 1770.

RUN away, last night, from the subscriber, living in Strasburgh township, Lancaster county, a German servant lad, named NICHOLAS TUSSING, aged about 18 or 19 years, about 5 feet 5 inches high, fair hair and complexion: Had on, and took with him, a felt hat, yellow linsey woolsey coat and breeches, blue striped linen jacket, without sleeves, tow trowsers, strong neats leather shoes, and large brass buckles. It is supposed he will go towards Virginia to his uncle, near the Warm Springs, whose name is Hussong, but passes by the name of Hawbarcher. Whoever secures said servant in any goal, and gives notice thereof to the subscriber, shall receive Forty Shillings reward, or if brought home Three Pounds, and reasonable charges, from JOSEPH FERREE. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A Strong, hearty, likely NEGROE BOY, fit for Town or Country Work; he is sold for no Fault, but for Want of Employ. Enquire of the PRINTERS. ¶

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on the 28th day of July, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the dwelling-house of George Overpeck, Inn-keeper, in the township of Norkamixon, a certain piece or parcel of land, situate in the township aforesaid, bounded by land of Samuel Wilson, George Cole, Michael Messer, and others, containing about 50 acres, with the appurtenances, 20 acres of which is cleared, and two may be made good meadow; late the property of George Mackleroy; seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by JOSEPH ELLICOTT, Sheriff. ‖

WANTED,

A SOBER discreet WOMAN, that is capable of taking Care of a small Farm-house, and three young Children. Enquire of JOSEPH DONALDSON, or BENJAMIN FULLER. *Philadelphia, July 9, 1770.*

Wilmington, July 12, 1770.

NOTICE is hereby given to each and every of the owners and possessors of Holland's Creek Marsh, opposite to the borough of Wilmington, in New Castle county, on Delaware, that they do pay for every acre they respectively hold therein, unto the subscriber, treasurer of said company, the sum of Seven Shillings and Six-pence currency, in three weeks from this date, or otherwise suffer the penalties in a law, made for that purpose, the same being a tax now laid for repairing the banks, &c. And those in arrears for taxes heretofore laid, are desired to discharge the same, or otherwise they may expect to be proceeded against according to law, and consequently have their respective shares advertised, and sold agreeable thereto.

‡ JOHN WAY.

TO be sold by public Vendue, on Saturday, the fourth of August, on the premises, a well improved Plantation, containing 200 Acres, named Choat's Contrivance, and Norris's Chance, being within ten Miles of Baltimore-Town, in Maryland, near the main Road leading to York-town, a remarkably pleasant Situation, having a beautiful and extensive Prospect round; there are about 100 Acres of cleared Land under Fence, the Soil excellent for Wheat, and good Corn, some Meadow Ground cleared, and more may be made with Ease, a good bearing Orchard of sundry Sorts of good Fruit, on which is a good Dwelling-house and Kitchen, a good framed Barn, and several other convenient Houses, almost new. Any Person inclining to view the same before the Day of Sale, may apply to the Subscriber, in Baltimore. Due Attendance will be given, and the Conditions of Sale made known by

‖ MARK ALEXANDER.

For CHARLES-TOWN, South-Carolina,

The Brig PRINCE OF WALES, *THOMAS MASON*, MASTER, WILL sail with all convenient speed, having excellent accommodations for passengers. For freight or passage, apply to Capt. GEORGE NOARTH, ALEXANDER LUNAN or the Commander on board, at Thomas Riche's wharff, who has for sale 20 tons of lignum vitæ, and a few barrels of rice. †

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Friday, the 27th day of July, at 7 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house, a certain lot or piece of ground, situate on the west side of Third-street, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth 26 feet, and in depth 100 feet; bounded northward and southward by ground of John Knowles, westward by ground late of Samuel Powell, deceased, and eastward by Third-street aforesaid, having two brick, and one frame tenements erected thereon; subject to a groundrent of 20 l. Pennsylvania currency, per annum, which may be purchased off by Fifty Pounds payments; late the estate of John Webb; seized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Tuesday, the 31st of July, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises, four certain tracts or parcels of land, situate in Whitemarsh township, one of them containing 11 acres and 26 perches, great part whereof is woodland, having a wooden tenement erected thereon; bounded by the great road, land of George Ehman, land late of John Charlesworth, deceased, and the next described lot. One other of them containing 11 acres and 38 perches; bounded by the said road, land of Merchant Maulsby, land late of John Charlesworth, deceased, and the above described lot. One other of them containing 13 acres 3 quarters and 2 perches, having a small tenement erected thereon; bounded by land of David Acup, Merchant Maulsby, and the said road. And the other of them containing 13 acres 3 quarters, and 14 perches, having a spring-house thereon; bounded by lands of George Ehman, David Acup, and the said road; late the estate of Jacob House; seized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Wednesday, the 1st of August, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of Jacob Heisler, in Gwinedd township, a certain wooden tenement and plantation, or tract of land, situate in Gwinedd township aforesaid, containing 150 acres, or thereabouts; bounded by land of Evan Ellis, Rowland Ellis, and others; late the estate of Robert Ellis; seized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Thursday, the 2d of August, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of Conrad Zimmerman, in Marlborough township, all the estate, right, title and interest of DAVID GERICH, of, in and to a certain stone messuage, barn, and tract or piece of land, situate in Marlborough township aforesaid, containing 125 acres, or thereabouts; bounded by lands of Martin Reyer, Conrad Zimmerman, Casper Henderleiter, and Ludwick Hersh; and of, in and to a certain tract of woodland, containing about 30 acres, adjoining the above tract, and lands of John Bachman, and Ludwick Hersh; seized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Monday, the 6th day of August, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises, a certain stone messuage, outhouses, and plantation or tract of land, situate in Providence township, containing 55 acres, and 35 perches, be the same more or less; bounded by lands of Nicholas Bunn, John Pennebaker, Oliver Pennebaker, and John Bawtler. A certain other messuage and plantation, or tract of land, situate in Providence township aforesaid, containing 46 acres; bounded by lands of David Davis, George Gressman, and by Gilbert's Manor. And a certain other messuage, and two contiguous tracts of land, situate in Providence township aforesaid, one of them containing 61 acres, and 140 perches; the other containing 3 acres, and 76 Perches: bounded by the great road, and lands of Henry Deringer, John Hendricks, John Pennebaker, and others; late the estate of Daniel Reese; seized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Tuesday, the 7th of August, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of Philip Dotterer, in Limerick township, a certain messuage or tenement, and plantation or tract of land, situate in Limerick township aforesaid, containing 152 acres, or thereabouts, be the same more or less; bounded by the great road leading from Philadelphia to Faulkner's Swamp, and by lands of James Brooks, Herman Newman, Martin Calf, and others; late the estate of John Eckis; seized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Thursday, the 9th of August, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of William Lawrence, in Plymouth township, a certain tract of land, situate in Whitpain township, containing 30 acres (part of a 50 acre tract) bounded by lands of John Saunders, Samuel Glasgow, and John Eddrige; late the estate of Isaac Williams, of Whitpain, deceased; seized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

To be LETT,

A HOUSE in Lodge-Alley, now tenanted by Mr. James Logan; said House may be entered on the first of August.

Also a PLANTATION, to be sold or lett, in the Township of Amwell, and County of Hunterdon, New-Jersey. Enquire of THOMAS GORDON, in Oxford Township, Philadelphia County.